

HAY'S BODY IS AT CLEVELAND

Arrived This Morning...Will Be Private Funeral, Few Outsiders Present.

CABINET TO ACT AS PALL BEARERS

Residents Of Cleveland Met At The Depot To Pay Their Last Respects To The Honored Statesman.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPPS-M'RAE.]
Cleveland, Ohio, July 2.—The train bearing the body of John Hay reached Glenville at six-fifty-five this morning. The body was in a casket in a special car. Another car carried Mrs. Hay, Clarence Hay and Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Mather. The party immediately drove to the Mather summer home at Glenville. The body lies in the state chamber of commerce building for two days. The public will not be permitted to view the remains. Only relatives and a few intimate friends will attend the funeral services. The President's party arrives at nine Wednesday to attend the funeral. All members of the cabinet, together with Elihu Root, Lyman Gage, Philander Knox, John D. Long and Paul Morton have been requested to act as pallbearers.

At noon the body was brought from Glenville and escorted to the Chamber of Commerce building by police, cavalry and a committee of citizens.

Newbury, N. H., July 3.—Through a drenching rain, over a narrow winding mountain road which was a channel of mud, and under skies of lead the little funeral party accompanying the body of John Hay, late secretary of state, began its sad journey Sunday from "The Fells" in Newbury, N. H., to take the train thence to Cleveland, O., the place of burial. The distance to the station was two and a half miles, and the trip consumed an hour.

The funeral party consisted of Mrs. Hay, the widow, Clarence Hay, Dr. Charles I. Sedgwick of Boston, who attended Secretary Hay during his last illness; Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Mather of Cleveland, the latter a sister of Mrs. Hay; and S. A. Raymond, also a relative of Mrs. Hay.

Residents of Hamlet Turn Out.
Not a person was met along the lonely mountain road, and the window shades of the few scattered farmhouses along the route were drawn. Nearly all the residents of the little hamlet were assembled at the station

CIGARETTE PAPERS STREWN ON STREETS

Smokers in Edgerton Evidence Their Numbers by Amount of Discarded Papers on Walks.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Edgerton, July 1.—The early pedestrians this morning could not but notice the profuse supply of cigarette papers scattered all over the main streets. It was noticeable that many did not comprehend its significance. The quantity of them gave evidence of the mass of people desiring to conform with the new law which went into force today prohibiting the sale, use or possession of the "coffin nails."

Mrs. C. P. Tontou and son Robert are the guests of relatives at Ft. Atkinson.

Mrs. A. S. Flagg went to Watertown this morning to spend Sunday with the family of Will Earle.

VERY RICH BANK IS IN DIFFICULTIES

The First National of Topeka, Kansas, Is Closed by Order of the Bank Examiner.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPPS-M'RAE.]
Topeka, Kas., July 3.—The First National bank, the largest financial institution in the city, failed to open its doors this morning. The bank examiner asked for the closing. It is the result of a complication of the affairs of C. H. Devlin, chief stockholder and reputed to be the wealthiest man in Kansas. His affairs were placed in the hands of a receiver yesterday. The bank's liabilities and assets may first be \$3,351,304. A large number of depositors were lined up in front of the bank this morning.

Appoint Receiver
Washington, July 3.—The comptroller of the currency has appointed National Bank Examiner Bradley as temporary receiver of the First National bank of Topeka.

Following the announcement of the failure of the First National bank, a run was started on the Central National, in which Devlin is a stockholder. At other banks many deposits were withdrawn. Devlin turned over to the First National securities and insurance policies worth a million and a half dollars.

Five hundred hands were thrown out of employment today, when the Evansville, Ind., glass works shut down for the season.

NO MORE NESTLE'S FOOD FOR AMERICA

Swiss Company Enters Agreement with American Concern to Stay at Home.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Oswego, N. Y., July 3.—The great condensed milk factory of Henri Nestle of Switzerland at Fulton which was put into the hands of packers and cleaners today as a result of the determination of the company to leave the American field, will cause great loss to the farmers in this section by its decision. About \$1,000 a day has been spent out for milk and in addition to the loss sustained by the farmers, over two hundred employees will be out of work. The Nestle people are retiring from America because of an agreement with the Borden Condensed Milk Company, which has also agreed to abandon the European field. While the Nestle people claim to be satisfied with their sales in America, it is thought that the main object of their establishing their large plant in America was to drive out American competition from France and Switzerland, which they succeeded in doing.

WILL TRY TO KEEP STRIKERS AT HOME

Wives of Chicago Teamsters Will Endeavor to Prevent a Riotous Celebration

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Chicago, July 3.—Extra policemen have been detailed for duty tomorrow, but no trouble is anticipated from the strikers. Efforts are being made to influence the strikers through their wives, who have been urged to keep them off the streets and discourage them from noisy celebrations.

CARL ANDERSON AND JIMMY HANDLER, MIDDLE-WEIGHTS, GO AT ST. JOSEPH TONIGHT

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
St. Joseph, Mich., July 3.—Carl Anderson, the Hammond, Ind., middleweight, will fight Jimmy Handler here tonight. The boys will go ten rounds.

HOLLAND IS NOW WITHOUT ANY CABINET AT ALL

Word From The Hague Announces a Ministerial Crisis Has Come.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPPS-M'RAE.]
The Hague, July 3.—The cabinet of Holland has resigned.



Uncle Sam—Be careful, sonny—Sammy, Jr.—Don't worry, but just watch me celebrate the—

(Continued on Page 8.)

JAPAN WOULD RETURN MONEY TO SUBJECTS

Government Banker Says That Would Be Policy of Nation in Event of Peace.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
London, July 3.—M. Kogoro Takahashi, governor of the bank of Japan and financial agent for the Japanese government, left here today for his native land, after an extended visit through Europe and the United States. Mr. Takahashi will appear before the imperial cabinet immediately upon his arrival in Japan and confer with the officials upon the advisability of making further large loans in foreign markets in the event that peace seems assured. It is understood that he has perfected an arrangement for such loans should they be considered necessary. "Japan will need a considerable amount of money after the war," said Mr. Takahashi in speaking of the matter to give new impetus to her industries. While business in the country is in no way injured, yet if the money advanced by the Japanese people in the first war loan of \$250,000,000 is returned to them on the termination of the war, it will give a tremendous new life to Japanese industries.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

Rev. John Huebscham was ordained to the ministry in the Evangelical Lutheran church at Bloomington, Ill., yesterday. His father, Rev. Henry Huebscham, and his brother, Rev. Henry Huebscham, Jr., both of Peoria, performed the rite of ordination. Elmer Dronnon, aged 16, of Terre Haute, Ind., while driving a wagon yesterday was struck by a Southern Indiana passenger train and probably will die from his injuries.

Nine Beloit schools united yesterday in the annual Sunday school rally, and marched with flags to the First Congregational church, where exercises were held.

William Williams of Waynesville, Ill., while acting as peacekeeper Saturday night, was fatally stabbed by Allen Roberts, who was fighting another man.

William J. Bryan addressed an audience of 10,000 people yesterday at the Coles county Chautauqua, at Charleston, Ill., on "The Prince of Peace."

The 2-year-old son of Fins Reed of Waynesville, Ill., pulled a tub of boiling water upon himself yesterday and was scalded to death.

Hugh Mehley, the oldest resident of Woodford county, at Minonk, Ill., died yesterday after a residence of sixty years.

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA, HAS A SERIOUS FIRE THIS MORNING

Loss Will Reach in the Neighborhood of Two Hundred Thousand Dollars.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPPS-M'RAE.]
Birmingham, Ala., July 3.—Two firemen are dead and four injured in a fire which destroyed the wholesale district this morning. The loss is \$200,000. The dead are G. B. Spruell and E. B. Hoffman. The men were struck by falling walls.

Burglars blew open the safe in the office of the Portage Bottling works early Sunday morning, and secured a small amount of cash and several postoffice orders.

DAY IS SEVENTH ANNIVERSARY OF SANTIAGO FIGHT

Memorable Battle of Spanish American War Occurred Off Cuban Shore Just Seven Years Ago Today.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Washington, July 3.—There was a general observance here today of the seventh anniversary of the destruction of the Spanish fleet under Admiral Cervera at Santiago by the American fleet under Sampson and Schley July 3, 1898. Several large dinners were given which were attended by officers of the navy and prominent folks who are yet in the city. There has been a general exodus, however, to summer resorts by many of the persons prominently associated with the social life of the capital.

PEDAGOGUES OPEN CONVENTION TODAY

M. V. O'Shea, Professor of Science and Art of Education at Madison, To Speak.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Ashbury Park, N. J., July 3.—The eyes of the education world are centered upon the forty-fourth annual convention of the National Educational association which assembled here today in the Auditorium. The association, now emerged from its period of comparative obscurity into the glare of public recognition, will settle many important questions of educational progress which have laid dormant during the winter months and received slight impulses from home discussion and assembly papers. The convention today was opened by Governor Edward C. Stokes of New Jersey, who made the address of welcome. Governor Stokes' address was responded to by Albert G. Lane, former president of the National Educational Association. An address was also made by President William H. Maxwell, superintendent of schools in New York. Among others who will address the convention during its sessions are W. T. Harris, United States commissioner of education; President Alderman of the University of Virginia; Francis E. Leupp, commissioner of Indian Affairs, which will be widely discussed from an educational standpoint; Archbishop Ryan, of Philadelphia; M. V. O'Shea, professor of science and art of education, University of Wisconsin; and Hon. John J. Fitzgerald, member of the House Committee on Indian Affairs.

The great feature of the convention and the one that is attracting widespread interest throughout the states is the address of President Roosevelt, which will be delivered next Friday afternoon. Mr. Roosevelt is expected on this occasion to give his views to the world on the burning questions of the day.

Two Hanged for Murder.
Lancaster, Pa., June 30.—Lee Furman and James O'Brien, two young men, were hanged here for the murder last year of Samuel Ressler, an aged tollgate keeper.

IS FIRST AMERICAN CHAMPIONSHIP MEET

Autoists, Not Abroad for International Races, Gather on Empire Track, New York.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
Empire Track, N. Y., July 3.—The great international automobile race to be held over the Auvergne (France) course next week will be preceded by an enthusiastic American meeting over the Empire Track today and tomorrow. It is the first national championship track meet of the American Automobile Association, and all of the famous machines which did not go abroad seem to be entered for the big contest. The meet will be the most notable held in this country. Races have been provided for all classes of cars and many of the contests carry a championship title. The A. A. A. plans for the future comprise the building up of a strong national body that will extend itself from coast to coast and contain in its membership all the clubs of the country organized into state associations which will work for uniform and just legislation, agitate roads improvement and control racing in an impartial manner that will satisfy both patrons and participants in the sport.

DAY WAS DECIDEDLY QUIET IN NEW YORK

Residents Departing for Resorts to Celebrate the Fourth—Exchanges Closed.

[SPECIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]
New York, July 3.—Today is being observed almost as a general holiday in this city. The exchanges are closed and thousands of people are leaving town for various resorts, to join the immense crowds which left last Saturday to spend a three-day holiday. Many large places of business are closed to give the employees the benefit of the extra day before the Fourth.

STATE NOTES

State Banking Examiner Marcus C. Bergh has been elected president of the National Association of Supervisors of State Banks.

Mal. S. S. Rockwood's condition is somewhat improved. He has regained consciousness and partially recovered the use of his right side, which was paralyzed.

Sheboygan is the first city in the state to complete the work of the state census, and the complete returns show a population of 24,175. This is a gain of 1,213 since the census of five years ago.

Lee Lai Yuen, the Appleton Chinaman who has been under arrest for some weeks pending the action of the government in deporting him to his native country, must go back to China, according to information and instructions received by United States Marshal Thomas B. Reid.

Montana Bank Is Robbed.
Great Falls, Mont., July 3.—The Bank of Belt, in the town of Belt, twenty-four miles south of this city, was broken into, the safe blown open and about \$1,000 stolen.

ARE TO DISARM ALL THE FLEET

Council Of Russian Naval Officers Decide To Ungear The Machinery In Boats.

MUTINEERS OFFERING TO GIVE UP

Crews Of The Different Vessels Have Agreed To Surrender Under Certain Conditions, To The Authorities.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPPS-M'RAE.]
Odessa, July 3.—The city continues quiet under a strong guard of troops. Work was resumed in some quarters this morning.

Make Threats
Kustenki, Roumania, July 3.—Local authorities have notified the mutineers aboard the battleship Potemkin force will be employed against them if they attempt any disorder. The mutineers said they had no intention of threatening the town. The Roumanian government has several regiments here to preserve order while the vessel remains in port.

Leaves for Odessa
St. Petersburg, July 3.—Count Ignatoff left for Odessa with power to deal with the situation there and treat with the mutineers.

Another Revolution
Berlin, July 3.—The Frankfurter Zeitung says an open revolution has broken out in Nikolai, Batum, and all vessels bound by the Black sea ports are anchored in the Bosphorus.

Another Mutiny
St. Petersburg, July 3.—The crew of the cruiser Minnie at Kronstadt mutinied, refusing to obey the orders to put to sea. The vessel has been taken outside the port.

Kustenki, July 3.—The mutinous battleship Kniaz Potemkin and a torpedo boat have arrived here. A steamship is in the offing, apparently watching them. The Kniaz Potemkin has anchored within the three mile limit.

Rebels Have Two Ships.
Odessa, July 3.—Two battleships of the Black sea fleet are in the hands of the mutineers—the Kniaz Potemkin and the Georgi Pobiedonosetz.

The former, still defiant, has left port. The crew of the latter is willing to surrender if the men are guaranteed full pardon from the czar. This the Odessa officials refuse to give and the mutineers still hold the ship.

All accounts now agree that the mutineers on the Georgi Pobiedonosetz are remorseful or are lacking courage.

A boat containing a boatswain, who acted as captain of the mutineers, and several seamen came ashore at the breakwater where, according to an official statement, they declared they wished to ask the czar's forgiveness. They offered to send forty hostages ashore. They said the ship had not been damaged.

Crew Sticks to Ship.
When the boat's crew landed at the breakwater a force of troops was sent to capture them. The chief of the port gendarmie and an officer of the harbor authorities spoke to them. The boatswain declared that he and his friends wanted to surrender and also to give up four of the ringleaders. They declared they had smashed the breechlocks to the vessel's guns.

Shortly afterwards the governor general of police and 3,000 troops arrived. Again there was much useless talking. Eventually a lighter was sent alongside the Georgi Pobiedonosetz, but those on board declined to surrender, fearing they would be shot. They sent back word that they wanted pardon.

At last the general went on board the battleship. To his pleadings the crew declined to leave the ship, as they think the present promises made them are dishonest.

Admiral Offers Terms.
They also demand that their officers return and they promise to serve faithfully in the future.

It is understood they have received a telegram from the Admiral Kriger, saying that if they ask pardon perhaps they will not be punished.

It is estimated that the losses by fire here on June 28 amount to \$25,000,000. Twelve steamers and fifty sailing vessels are said to have been destroyed. The whole of Saturday was spent in

an atmosphere of panic and uncertainty. To begin with the public received a shock of horrified surprise in learning that the official announcement of the previous evening that the Kniaz Potemkin had surrendered was not true. There is little doubt that the false information was given out by design by the authorities.

Hide Facts From Public.
What happened throughout the day added to the general alarm. It was clear that the battleship was still in possession of the mutineers. They were said, however, to have given a promise to Admiral Kriger that they would not molest the town and would not shift the battleship from its moorings beyond the range of the city until a reply had been received to their appeal for amnesty. This also proved to be an official canard.

It appears that the conference held Friday by the commanders of the squadron while it was encircling the Kniaz Potemkin was unsatisfactory, giving evidence of a marked difference of opinion among the chief officers. A majority, however, were opposed to the extreme measure of destroying the mutinous ship and crew.

Navy Is in Revolt.
One battleship remained anchored a few miles from the Kniaz Potemkin, while the rest of the ships of the squadron were understood to be cruising below the horizon.

There was something inexplicable about the whole thing. It was absolutely impossible to obtain trustworthy information, but if one were to judge from the surface of things Admiral Kriger could not wholly trust his own crews or even his staff, and the most startling developments seemed possible.

Watchers could see almost a continuous exchange of signals between the Kniaz Potemkin and its consort. It is assumed that the former was trying to persuade the latter to join the mutiny. Later the truth came out. The second vessel was the Georgi Pobiedonosetz, which had forsaken the squadron and joined the mutiny.

Soldiers in Ugly Mood.
Meanwhile the situation ashore had become more critical. The military governor proclaimed that any street assembly of more than twenty persons was liable to be fired upon and bayoneted. This order exasperated the population and threatened to drive the citizens into open revolt. The troops became exceedingly arrogant and savagely threatened all passers who asked to be allowed to go through the cordons on the ground of urgent business.

As the day wore on apprehensions that the mutineers on the warships might bombard Odessa, which previously had been uppermost in the minds of all, became less active.

Troops Cause Alarm.
It must be remembered that there are more than 43,000 troops literally in possession of the city, and there are signs at least that a section of them are not to be relied upon. What now became a source of alarm was the possibility that the rest of the squadron might join the mutinous warships and issue an appeal to the troops ashore; but the commanders rightly interpreted the sullen demeanor of their crews, and Admiral Kriger, wisely for himself and his staff, chose the part of prudence and refrained from giving the order to fire on the mutinous ships.

That scene in the placid waters of Odessa roads on a brilliant summer's day will never be forgotten by 150,000 breathless spectators, who were feverishly watching the first fatal gun flash. It is the absolutely confident and universal belief that the first shot fired at the Kniaz Potemkin would have been followed instantly by a general bloody mutiny in the squadron, with a wholesale massacre of the officers.

city is anticipated. The employers say they cannot afford to grant the increase as the men are now paid more than similar workers outside of Chicago.

TEN THOUSAND WILL BE OUT BY TONIGHT

Unemployed of Chicago Are Increasing at a Remarkable Rate Each Day.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPPS-M'RAE.]
Chicago, Ill., July 3.—Twenty-two hundred woodworkers in fourteen big factories refused to go to work this morning because the employers would not grant a two cents an hour increase. This action threw out five thousand other employees. With thirty-two hundred teamsters now out today's strike increases Chicago's army of unemployed to ten thousand. The spread of the strike to all of the eight thousand union woodworkers of the

SWEDEN PLANS TO RAISE WAR FUND

Twenty-Five Millions May Be Used To Make Norway Know Its Place.

[SPECIAL BY SCRIPPS-M'RAE.]
Stockholm, July 3.—The Riksdag today endorsed the government's bill placing twenty-five millions at the disposal of the crown for the purposes of war against Norway. Still is given practically the unanimous support of both houses.

INCUBATORS IN USE AT PORTLAND EXPO.

Tiny Babies Kept Alive by the Wonderful Inventions of Modern Times.

Portland, Oregon.—Think of a family of incubator children, each baby in its own castle and each receiving royal care. They are such delicate, frail, tiny little cherubs that they are not yet ready to begin their struggles for existence. Then think of the care and attention that must be given them of change of linen and special swaddling clothes, of the feeding and nursing and medical attendance required, and you will have an idea of the most interesting and thoroughly scientific features at the Lewis and Clark Centennial exposition.

Half a dozen skilled nurses, who have been trained especially for the incubator institution in Berlin and Paris, devote their time and energy and care to these babies, while Dr. M. A. Conney and Dr. Schenklein of Berlin superintend and direct the work.

To the spectators, the incubator babies appear to lead an undisturbed life behind the glass doors of their castles, peacefully sleeping upon the whitest of pillows, their tiny hands peeping out of doll sleeves, their eyes looking only occasionally into an unknown world. The average weight of each is about 2½ pounds; but even though they are so small, they are not so quiet as they look, and if they reach the incubator in time and are alive forty-eight hours after arrival, Dr. Conney declares that they will have a good chance to live and thrive. These babies are prematurely born, and come usually to the incubators in a comatose condition. By drastic measures vitality is brought back.

As soon as received, the frail infant is given a bath in water and mustard. Then two drops of brandy are placed in its mouth, which acts as a stimulant. Its body is rubbed with specially prepared lotion, and into the incubator it goes. For four days it is kept at a temperature of from 90 to 105 degrees, being removed regularly day and night every two hours to be fed 15 grams of nourishment. Its food consists of milk supplied by healthy wet nurses. The child being too weak to have a desire for food, the nasal spoon is used, and the milk is drawn and placed in a tall glass which is immersed in a larger glass containing warm water. This keeps the milk at the proper temperature. The nasal spoon and the method of nasal feeding are new to America—a revelation, in fact. The infant is out of danger when it has the strength to take at least 30 grams or one ounce of nourishment at a single feeding. Every infant is weighed before and after each feeding, to ascertain the amount of nourishment taken, and a complete record is kept of this, as of all other details of the incubator process.

The air of the incubators is kept at a uniform temperature by means of an automatic contrivance, and fresh air is introduced through a large pipe. This air is purified by passing through an antiseptic fluid and then cotton, and it is warmed before it is permitted to pass into the infant's apartment. The most important consideration for a child prematurely born is temperature. Consequently, the temperature of the incubator is kept uniform and the automatic contrivance used for this is so perfectly regulated that the temperature is always correct. Moreover, a thermometer at the front of the incubator is a constant guide as to the thermal condition.

Statistics show that of premature or weakly born infants, under ordinary conditions, only 15 per cent live; by means of the incubators 85 per cent are saved. These artificial mothers, the incubators, are wonderful bits of mechanism, invented by Drs. M. A. Conney and S. Schenklein, who have charge of the institution at the Portland fair. The incubator house is a center of interest. Nearly everybody goes to see the babies in the incubators, and to many women in particular the sight is so fascinating that they return time and time again.

DO NOT BORROW YOUR NEIGHBOR'S PAPER

Awful Things Happen to Those Who Borrow Papers Rather Than Buy Them.

An exchange prints the following little skit on borrowing your neighbor's paper. While this is not prevalent in Janesville still the following might happen, so beware:

A man who was too economical to subscribe for his home paper, sent his little boy to borrow the copy taken by his neighbor. In his haste the boy ran over a \$1 stand of books and in ten minutes looked like a warty summer squash. His cries reached his father, who ran to his assistance, and, failing to notice a barbed wire fence, ran into it, breaking it down, cutting a handful of flesh from his anatomy and ruined a \$5 pair of pants. The old cow took advantage of the gap in the fence and got into the cornfield and killed herself eating green corn. Hearing the racket, the wife ran, upset a four-gallon churn of rich cream into a basket of kittens, drowning the whole flock. In her hurry she dropped a \$25 set of false teeth. The baby, left alone, crawled through the spilled cream and into the parlor, ruining a \$20 carpet. During the excitement the oldest daughter ran away with the hired man, the dog broke up eleven setting hens, and the calves got out and chewed the tails off four fine shirts.

Swordsmanship Grows in Favor. Swordsmanship in one or other of its forms is making marked progress in England. New sales d'armes are being opened, and fresh clubs formed year by year in London and the provinces, and international matches have been arranged in which the English teams have at least borne themselves well.

CIGARETTE LAW VERY STRINGENT

Requirements Are Drastic and Must Be Lived Up to by the Smokers.

Yesterday marked the passing of the cigarette and cigarette paper in Wisconsin. At least that is the purpose of the law which goes into effect today. No one, whether dealer or man in the street, may lawfully dispose of cigarettes or cigarette paper. Even the gift of a cigarette by one friend to another constitutes a misdemeanor. The law does not make it an offense to make a cigarette, but it is unlawful to buy, sell, or borrow them or to give them away. The purpose of the law was to make it impossible, or at least difficult, to get either cigarettes or cigarette paper.

Dealers Have No Regrets. Cigar and tobacco dealers in this city have evinced a general disposition to obey the law. Many of them regard the passing of the cigarette as a distinct advantage. For with their sale prohibited there will be a corresponding increase in the sale of cigars. There is more profit in cigars.

What the Law Says. The so-called cigarette law follows: "Any person who shall, by himself, his servant or agent, or as the servant or agent of any other person, directly or indirectly, or upon any pretense, by any device, manufacture, sell, offer for sale, keep for sale, give away or otherwise dispose of or bring into this state for the purpose of selling, offering for sale, giving away or otherwise disposing of any cigarettes, cigarette paper or cigarette wrappers, or any substitute therefor, or any paper made or prepared for the purpose of making cigarettes or any substitute therefor, or for the purpose of being filled with tobacco for smoking, or who shall own, keep or be in any way concerned, employed in owning or keeping any such cigarettes, cigarette paper, cigarette wrappers or any substitute therefor; or who shall authorize or permit the same to be done with the intent to violate any provision of this section, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished, for the first offense, by a fine of not less than \$5 nor more than \$50, or by imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding thirty days, and for the second and each subsequent offense by a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500, or by imprisonment in the county jail not less than thirty days nor more than six months; that one-half of the fine recovered shall go to the complaining witness; provided, that the provision thereof shall not apply to the sales of jobbers or manufacturers doing an interstate business with customers outside the state."

EVANSVILLE

[Special to this Gazette.] Evansville, July 2.—Mr. Vaughn Partridge, who was recently operated upon for appendicitis by Dr. Jackson of Madison and Dr. J. M. Evans of this city, is slowly improving. Burton Hullister has arrived from Yale college to spend his summer vacation with his mother in this city. John Reese is building a large barn on his farm about two miles north of this city.

Someone entered Mr. Ed. Winters' barn on E. Main street Saturday night and stole a pair of new fly-nets. Mr. S. E. Barnard and family who are spending the summer in camp at Lake Kegonsa came home Saturday night and will remain until after the Fourth.

Mr. Fred Gillman has purchased Mr. George Clarke's automobile. Mr. Clark will buy a new and larger machine. Miss Voelz has returned from attending the funeral of a brother-in-law at Marshall.

Mr. James Gillies has gone to Colorado for a two weeks' trip. Bernice Moose of Chicago is visiting at the home of Mrs. Wainwright. A large party of young people from this city went to Lake Kegonsa Saturday to spend a week in camp.

Misses Eva and Margaret Walker will take their departure Monday for a two weeks' trip in Colorado. Mr. and Mrs. Grady and children of Chicago are visiting at the home of E. D. Barnard.

Archie Morgan and family of Madison are visiting relatives and friends in this city. Mr. J. M. Owen has been improving the Commercial House by a new coat of paint.

Miss Maude Gillies, who is taking a course for trained nurses in a Chicago hospital, is at home for a two weeks' vacation. Rev. H. Sewell has been very ill the past few days.

Many of our townspeople who are camping at Lake Kegonsa will celebrate the Fourth in this city. Mr. H. A. Langemak spent most of the past week in Chicago purchasing new goods for the Economy store.

FORMER JANESVILLE YOUNG LADY WEDDED IN CHICAGO. Miss Anna Boyce Married Louis E. Conklin of That City—Couple Here on Visit.

Louis E. Conklin of Chicago and Miss Anna Boyce, a former resident of Janesville, were wedded last week in Chicago by Rev. Fr. Egan, 78th street. The bride and groom were attended by Charles Boyce, the bride's brother, and her cousin, Miss Mamie Lockman of Jacksonville, Ill. The groom is a young business man who came to Chicago from Auburn. The bride had been employed by the firm of Mayhews during the past year. The young couple is in Janesville for a few days. After July 5 they will be at home to their many friends in Chicago.

A friend of the home—A foe of the Trust. **Calumet Baking Powder** (Complies with the Pure Food Laws of all States.)

21 FINE JERSEYS FOUND INFECTED

TUBERCULOSIS ON N. N. PALMER AND SON FARM.

MANY YOUNG CHICKS DYING

Potato Bug Pest Being Successfully Combated—Weekly Report of Crops.

Upon the request of N. N. Palmer and son, owners of the noted Evergreen herd of Jerseys, to have the tuberculin test applied to their cattle, Assistant State Veterinarian George Little of this city visited their farm in the town of Spring Valley Saturday and examined their herds. From the entire number twenty-one responded to the test and were ordered killed. The finding of the dread disease in this lot of cattle was a great surprise to the owners, the majority of farmers, stock-raisers and buyers in this part of the country. The average price paid by the state for the condemned animals was thirty dollars, while many of them the owners refused to sell for a hundred.

Tested Animals Waxed. While the cattle-raisers lose money upon having their herds examined, in that they receive from the state much less than they would had they sold the animals the value of the test of the herd is brought up considerably by the fact that they have successfully passed the tuberculin test. Buyers of stock are looking only for cattle not infected with the disease and the two representatives of the Japanese government who have been doing a goodly amount of purchasing among the better bred animals in the country are picking only from the herds which are by test proven to be not suffering with tuberculosis. The cattle they are buying are sent to the experiment station in the Flowery Kingdom.

Much Poultry Dying

Reports come from throughout the farming districts that the young chickens are dying in large numbers. In many cases the birds are suffering from insects while in others there is no perceptible cause. The early hatchlings of chicks were very successful and there will be an immense amount of poultry on the market in season this year but the later hatchlings are nearly all being destroyed by either the unknown cause or insects. This prospective over-supply of fowl for marketing may be reduced to normal in both quality and quantity. The harvesting of rye has commenced on the sandy soils, while oats and barley have grown so rank that they are lodging, which will make it difficult harvesting if the weather continues. Corn, though a month ago it seemed backward and many growers were looking forward to a poor crop, has reached the usual stage for this time of the year and is promising excellently. Its growth during the past two or three weeks has been very rapid and satisfactory.

Potato Bugs Numerous

Thicker than they have been at any time for the past ten years are the potato bugs this season. While a number of years ago this amount of insects would have been considered disastrous by the farmers it does not now threaten to destroy to such an extent that the harvest will be small, for improved methods of combating this pest have been discovered and are being used generally. Formerly paris green was dissolved in water and sprinkled on the plants but now the same poison is shaken in dry form from a gauze sack and the dew of the nights is left to dampen it. There are several other ways of annihilating the insects that are being used. The prospect now is for an average crop of the tubers.

FLAT CRASHED INTO CARLOAD OF BANANAS

And Three Men at Work Hereon Narrowly Escaped Serious Injury.

When the railroad crew at work in the North-Western yards made a flying switch with a flat-car over the Academy street crossing and onto a side-track at 4:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon the brakeman was unable to stop the flat in time to prevent its crashing into a box-car loaded with bananas. John Kruse, Len Brace and A. L. Thwing who were at work in the latter car were thrown violently to the floor, the last-named being pitched almost the entire length. None was seriously injured, strangely enough. The loose lumber with which the flat was loaded was thrown in every direction.

Changes Orthodox Headquarters. St. Petersburg, July 3.—Emperor Nicholas has signed a decree transferring the headquarters of the Russian Orthodox church in America from San Francisco to New York.

CIRCUS NOTES

Chairman McKee of the Circus parade will be at the store in the Jackson block this evening, where he will be glad to meet all persons who wish to have exhibits in the afternoon parade. More exhibitors are wanted. Those who will take part are requested to meet Mr. McKee this evening.

Chairman Eugene Fish of the Industrial and military pageant will be at the offices of the Fourth of July celebration committee in the Jackson block this evening, where he will be glad to meet those who will take part in the parade.

Attention Employees. All employees of Nonesuch Bros. circus who are not in line ready to march at two o'clock sharp, July 4th, will be subject to a fine of \$10. By order of "Col. Nonesuch."

Attention Carpenters. Members of C. & J. of A. No. 530 are requested to meet at hall at 9 o'clock a. m., July 4th, to march in civic parade. Committee.

EAGLES TRIUMPHANT OVER RED STOCKINGS

With Mended Wings They Swoop Down on Crimson Legged Team and Win Victory.

With flapping of wings and shrill screams, not for the fourth of July, the Janesville Eagles swooped down upon the Red Sox baseball team as they were on the Crystal Springs diamond yesterday afternoon and in a nine-inning fight took victory from their opponents with a score of 5 to 2. The lodge team was on the field with their regular line-up, Ruhland occupying the box and Clarke was negotiating the sphere for the Crimson stockings. The game was fast and showed the true strength of each nine. The line-up was as follows:

Eagles. Red Sox.
J. Ward.....c. Hall
Ruhland.....p. Clarke
Garvin.....1b. Bahr
H. Buggs.....2b. Carle
Riley.....ss. Hill
J. Connors.....3b. Kerr
Abbott.....lf. P. Schmidt
Allen.....cf. G. Schmidt
G. Doherty.....rf. A. Bier
Dickerson.....sub. F. Brummond
Umpire—G. Hager.

FREQUENT DISTURBANCES IN ROCK PRAIRIE CAUSE APPOINTMENT OF "POLICE"

D. J. McLaughlin and R. J. Hadden Made Special Guardians of the Peace.

Rock Prairie, July 1.—Owing to frequent disturbances recently D. J. McLaughlin and R. J. Hadden have been appointed special guardians of the peace to attend to all further trouble. The Wisconsin Presbyterian convention of O. Y. P. C. U. met in the U. P. church Tuesday and Wednesday last week, about fifty delegates being present. Rev. J. Campbell White, a Y. M. C. A. worker from India, delivered two excellent addresses. Miss Chamberlain, a talented reader and singer from the Moody Institute pleased the audience with two selections. She will give an entertainment later on.

R. John Clark was suddenly called to Whitewater to attend the wedding of his friend, Harry Allen to Miss Finch.

We are pleased to report Graham McLaughlin has entirely recovered from the effects of the stroke of lightning which numbed him badly.

Mrs. Will Menzies of Janesville visited friends this week.

Miss Bella Wilson of Chicago is a guest at the home of James Menzies.

Miss Salim Balloun, a member of the senior class of the U. W. spent Sunday with her friend, Miss Belle Menzies.

Dr. Robt. Menzies is taking a brief vacation at the home of his parents before taking up his work in the Presbyterian hospital of Chicago.

Arabella, the little girl of Will Henke, had the misfortune to lose her thumb in a lawn mower.

Mrs. Margaret Barlass has returned from an extended visit in Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Gillman of Chicago are greeting friends on the Prairie this week.

Will McKerrow, son of George McKerrow of Sussex, spent Tuesday and Wednesday here.

John Alris is pasturing John Clark's cattle this season. Consideration being gratis.

EMERALD GROVE.

Emerald Grove, July 1.—On account of the rain storm Friday night, the barn dance at the home of R. W. Jones was postponed until Friday evening of next week, July 7. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

Mrs. W. E. Davidson entertained company from Chicago a part of this week.

Miss Hazel Ransom entertained on Wednesday afternoon for Miss Edith Davidson who leaves Saturday for Chicago. A pleasant afternoon was spent by all present. The guests were: Misses Jane Irish, Bessie Reid, Margaret Forbes, Lella Jones, Dora Reid and Edith Davidson.

W. A. Dean left for California last Saturday to see his father who is very ill.

Miss Priscilla Pitch is visiting with relatives and friends in Port Adkinson.

STANDING OF BASEBALL CLUBS

National League. W. L. Pct.
New York.....48 17 .735
Philadelphia.....40 25 .615
Pittsburgh.....39 26 .597
Chicago.....40 28 .588
Cincinnati.....35 33 .514
St. Louis.....42 26 .615
Boston.....38 29 .567
Brooklyn.....18 49 .269

American League. W. L. Pct.
Chicago.....38 21 .644
Cleveland.....33 21 .611
Philadelphia.....26 36 .419
Boston.....28 34 .451
Detroit.....29 32 .475
New York.....23 38 .377
Washington.....27 37 .421
St. Louis.....39 30 .567

American Association. W. L. Pct.
Minneapolis.....45 25 .643
Columbus.....42 27 .607
Milwaukee.....41 28 .594
Indianapolis.....34 35 .493
St. Paul.....34 36 .486
Louisville.....39 40 .493
Knoxville.....48 44 .521
Toledo.....34 44 .435

Three Eye League. W. L. Pct.
Dubuque.....25 23 .521
Bloomington.....29 23 .558
Springfield.....22 31 .415
Des Moines.....24 34 .413
Rock Island.....26 32 .447
Decatur.....24 35 .407
Cedar Rapids.....31 30 .508
Peoria.....30 42 .412

RESULTS OF SUNDAY GAMES.

American League. Chicago, 3—2; Cleveland, 3—2 (second game called in fifth rain). National League. St. Louis, 4—0; Chicago, 7—2 (second game called in sixth rain). American Association. Louisville, 4; Columbus, 3. St. Paul, 1—1; Milwaukee, 0—5. Minneapolis, 3; Kansas City, 3. Toledo, 3; Indianapolis, 0. Three Eye League. Cedar Rapids, 2; Rock Island, 1. Davenport, 4; Dubuque, 2. Peoria, 4—0; Decatur, 2—3. Bloomington, 5; Springfield, 2. Fort Wayne, 1; Wheeling, 5. Springfield, 2; Dayton, 3. South Bend, 2; Terre Haute, 2—4. Grand Rapids, 3; Evansville, 1 (ten innings).

...LINK AND PIN... News for the Railroad Men.

Northwestern Road. Tomorrow will be recognized as a holiday as far as possible by the officials of the road. All trains that must not necessarily run will be annulled and a large number of the employees will be given the privilege of laying off.

Engineer J. M. Smith was off duty today. C. E. Cole took his place on the Barrington turn around.

Engine dispatcher's helper, Roy Smith, laid off yesterday. His place was filled by Michael Daly.

Locomotive number 600 is in the shops for repairs.

Horace Pease has relinquished his position as fireman.

Brakeman O'Grady is taking a short vacation.

William Davy, night caller at the round house, is off duty, being relieved by night oil boy John O'Brien.

Engineer A. R. Gridley is dispatching engines nights.

Trains number 51, 52, 282 and 321 have been abandoned for tomorrow.

St. Paul Road.

Engineer Collins of the Chicago division was here today on locomotive 318. It was just a year ago today since he was here on the same run.

J. N. Elliott is back on the day force at the round house.

PARIS FASHION NOTES

Things are almost at a standstill as far as new modes are concerned in Paris itself, but a trip to any of the smart watering places, several of which can be reached in a few days' travel is worth while for the chronicler of the fashions in search of dainty confections to describe.

Among the dainty white dresses seen a couple of days ago at Trouville was a white St. Gall embroidered guise, as crisp as an ice cream-cumbar. The skirt, quite full and graceful in effect, was trimmed with five graduated tucks above a hem which served as a sixth tuck. This idea is frequently employed in the making of thin skirts when as many tucks as it is possible to get with a limited quantity of material are desired. There was a knee flounce and the edge of the skirt just above the flounce was embroidered in a careless pattern of daisies. The bottom of the flounce was finished with five very narrow tucks.

It would be difficult to find anything more simple than the blouse, which was laid in narrow tucks in the shoulder for fullness, embroidered in the front and around the collar of less neck and finished with a line of real Valenciennes lace which gave a soft effect. Cuffs of the blouse, interlined with Valenciennes edging and embroidered finished the elbow sleeves.

Finishing the costume was a small white net hat of irregular shape, the net being ruched on and having a cluster of small white flowers at the left side, where the hat was lifted a bit, and another at the left side.

It is a tale told many times to talk of the well-rounded figure and princely gowns, yet this particular frock in the lingerie design is so smart this season that its story bears frequent repetition. An obliging couturiere gave the writer a glimpse of a most delightful confection destined for year in Newport for a large August lawn party, just before it was exported. With the frock was a stunning little coat setting off exquisitely the sheer silk linen skirt. The draped bodice of silk with basque back was in soft silvery green, striped with a yellow soft faded tint, too delicate for orange and yet with a pinkish tinge that might justify its being called apricot. The skirt was of white silk and lace, trimmed with flounces which were headed with garlands of wee chiffon roses shading from the indescribable yellow up to a plunkish buff and down to a brown with the same bluish in it. The roses appeared, too, on the front of the bodice amid labors of lace and headed the lace frills of the elbow sleeves.

A novelty which fills a long-felt want in connection with the collars of soft lace which finish the necks of so many smart blouses and bodices is a supporter of gold—or imitation of the metal—which can be clasped through the lace at the back, front and sides, supporting the collar as satisfactorily as the little bones or silk cords heretofore used and certainly more daintily. The jeweler shows these novelties in a variety of designs from the plain silver "stock props" as they are called to elaborate affairs of gold studded with jewels. Just the pin passes on the under side of the collar, leaving a band of gold or silver on the outside which affords an opportunity for any amount of decoration.

Gooseberry green is the name of a delightful new tint, with an effect that is neither clouded nor striped, but yet showing delicate traces of white. A frock in this color and of sheer null is made with a triple skirt, each flounce being edged with embroidery. The bodice is designed in surplice effect with a wide berth collar of embroidery edged with Valenciennes. The sleeves are two large puffs and a ruffle which match the berth.

The giraffe of this gown is extremely high and is made of liberty satin in the same shade as the frock, the upper edge of the giraffe being embroidered in white and pale green silk daisies with the daintiest of yellow centers.

A good thing—a want ad.

LOSING POWER

Are your mental and physical powers failing? Get the brain and nerves right! Don't lose hope. Get's Health for you.

NU-TRI-OLA

will give the vigor of youth to the strength of nature. "Baker's" You'll all over it. You mean just that and you'll prove it. For sale by

McCUE & BUSS

EXCELLENT CROP OF LEAF NOW STANDING

Setting of Plants Is Practically Finished—Market Is Decidedly Quiet.

Another crop of tobacco is now standing in the fields in a condition most favorable for a heavy and healthy production of good quality this season. Transplanting is not entirely finished but the 1905 leaf is practically now growing in the fields. Though the heavy rains a few weeks ago may have delayed the setting in some sections it generally put the ground in excellent shape for receiving the small plants and the frequent showers since have been in about the right proportion for an early rooting and an elimination of the usual setback caused by transplanting. On the market little has been done during the past week. The buying movement has nearly drawn to a close and is evidently only in widely separated places and then but very slight. Few sales are also being made but there is still a demand for fairly good grade binders. In some of the warehouses filler stock is being stripped, however, in the majority of instances little is being done.

Read the want ads.

BACK-ACHE

and all other symptoms of kidney disease are speedily removed when the kidneys are made healthy, active and vigorous by the use of

Dr. A. W. Chase's

Kidney-Liver Pills

the world's greatest kidney and liver regulator, and the only medicine having a combined action on kidneys and liver. One pill a dose; 25 cents a box. Write for free sample to The Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

F. O. AMBROSE

Jefferson, Wis.

BOILER SHOP

Boilers, Engines, Smoke Stacks, Iron Tanks, Machinery Repairs, Machinery Supplies. Complete Stock Creamery Boilers—Prompt Delivery—Boiler Repairing.

F. O. AMBROSE

Jefferson, Wis.

ONCE A YEAR

Every piano or organ should be gone over thoroughly at least once a year by a man who knows how to remedy the defects which naturally befall the instrument in that time.

A FACT—\$2 spent on an organ now may save \$10 in extra renewal of parts later.

RALPH R. BENNETT.

EXPERT TUNER & REPAIRER. Leave orders at J. P. Baker's drugstore.

The Little Garmur

5 Cent Cigar

Most Popular Cigar in Town. Home and Union Made.

Order a trial box from

GARVIN & MURPHY

The Manufacturers

White Lead, Linseed Oil, Mixed Paint, Varnish, Glass.

Prices Right.

BADGER DRUG CO.

First-Class Work GUARANTEED—MEN'S SOLES, 50c

MEN'S LEATHER HEELS, 25c

Ladies' Shoe Repairing a Specialty. Work Done While You Wait. 61 WEST MILWAUKEE STREET. Basement of Woodstock Building.

CEMENT WORK

I build the best kind of cement walks, cement foundations, cement curbs—in fact all kinds of cement work and guarantee it. My prices are worth investigating.

B. P. CROSSMAN

Telephone 602. 65 Palm St.

ICE CREAM

Janesville's big candy and fruit store is still selling that pure, whole-some ice cream at

25c qt. Delivered.

The quality is unexcelled. Our supply of 4th of July goods is the largest and the

THE JANESVILLE GAZETTE.

Business Office Open Saturday
Evenings.Entered at the postoffice at Janesville,
Wisconsin, as second class mail matter.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Daily Edition—By Carrier:
One Year\$6.00
One Month50
One Year cash in advance 5.00
Six Months, cash in advance 2.50
Three Months, cash in advance 1.25
Daily Edition—By Mail:
CASH IN ADVANCE:
One Year\$4.00
Six Months 2.00
One Year—Rural delivery in Rock Co. 3.00
Six Months—Rural delivery in Rock Co. 1.50
County 1.50
WEEKLY EDITION—One Year 1.50
Long Distance Telephone, No. 77.
Business Office 77-2
Editorial Rooms 77-3

Showers and thunderstorms this
afternoon and tonight; Tuesday fair
and cooler.

* If you have a "little store," run
it in a "big way." Advertise it
as though it were twice as big
and it will soon be twice as
big.

INTERNAL TRADE.

Statistics of important internal
trade movements, as received by the
Department of Commerce and Labor,
through its Bureau of Statistics, indi-
cates that the grain receipts at lead-
ing primary markets were not so
heavy during the month of May as
they were for a like month in the
preceding year, nor was the total in-
bound movement of all cereals at
these markets for the first five months
of the current year so heavy as that
of a corresponding period in 1904,
notwithstanding the present year's
heavy increase in the movement of
corn. On the other hand, live-stock
receipts both for the month and for
the year, to and including May 31,
show an appreciable increase over
similar arrivals in 1904.

The total grain receipts at twelve
important interior primary markets
during May amounted to 27,016,565
bushels and present a decided de-
crease, if compared with the preced-
ing month's movement or with that
of a similar month in 1904. For the
first five months of the current year
grain arrivals at these markets ag-
gregated 222,063,327 bushels, an
amount approximately 6 1/2 million
bushels less than that representing a
corresponding movement in 1904. Of
the different cereals received, wheat
amounted to 55,004,352 bushels; corn,
87,022,899 bushels; oats, 55,042,363
bushels; barley, 21,520,747 bushels;
and rye, 2,573,461 bushels. Corres-
ponding inbound movements during a
similar period in 1904 were 63,098,
22,923,458 bushels of barley, and 3,
533 bushels of wheat, 78,019,351 bush-
els of corn, 60,742,004 bushels of oats,
733,044 bushels of rye. As compared
with the 1904 grain arrivals, losses
were sustained at the markets of Cin-
cinnati, Detroit, Duluth, Kansas City,
Louisville, Milwaukee, Minneapolis,
Peoria, and St. Louis; while gains
were made at Chicago, Omaha, and
Toledo.

Receipts of wheat at the four spring
wheat markets of Milwaukee, Minne-
apolis, Chicago, and Duluth during the
present crop year to and including
May 31, amounted to 134,577,081 bush-
els, as against a corresponding move-
ment in 1903-4 of 137,273,589 bushels,
and in 1902-3 of 155,464,414 bushels.
Of the current season's movements
80,725,390 bushels were received at
Minneapolis, 6,808,156 bushels at Mil-
waukee, 22,708,921 bushels at Duluth,
and 24,334,614 bushels at Chicago. As
compared with the movement for 1904
losses were sustained at Milwaukee
and Duluth, although slight gains
were made at both Minneapolis and
Chicago.

At the four winter-wheat markets
of Toledo, St. Louis, Detroit, and
Kansas City receipts of wheat from
July 1, 1904, to May 31, 1905, ag-
gregated 55,831,403 bushels, in contrast
with 71,602,155 bushels received dur-
ing a similar period in 1903-4, and 73,
095,147 bushels in 1902-3. Of the cur-
rent season's arrivals 2,785,636 bush-
els were received at Toledo, 19,823,
600 bushels at St. Louis, 2,229,665
bushels at Detroit, and 31,052,502 bush-
els at Kansas City. As compared with
the 1904 figures losses were sustained
at all four of the markets specified,
while comparison with the movements
for 1903 indicate a loss for Toledo and
Detroit, but a gain for St. Louis and
Kansas City. Total receipts of wheat
at all of the eight markets named dur-
ing the crop year to and including
May 31, aggregated 190,468,484 bush-
els, as compared with a like move-
ment in 1903-4 of 208,573,744 bushels,
and in 1902-3 of 228,519,561 bushels.

During the month of May the east-
bound trunk line movement of grain
from Chicago and Chicago points
amounted to 5,736,000 bushels, as
compared with a corresponding move-
ment of 11,007,000 bushels in 1904
and 4,457,000 bushels in 1903. The
movement for the fifth month in 1905
was the lowest for any one month of
the current year, being only about
one-half of what it was in April and
approximately 10 million bushels be-
low what it was in March, the open-
ing of the Great Lakes during the
early part of May exerting a power-
ful influence in causing this early
movement. For a five-month period,
east-bound rail movements of all
cereals from Chicago and Chicago

points aggregated 51,681,000 bushels,
as against 48,803,000 bushels in 1904
and 45,145,000 bushels in 1903.

At Chicago the receipts of grain
during the month of May reached a
total of 8,649,353 bushels, this being
nearly a million bushels lighter than
a corresponding movement in 1904
and approximately 1/2 million bushels
below that for 1903. The outbound
movement, however, which amounted
to 11,569,702 bushels during the fifth
month of the current year, although
about 3 million bushels below a simi-
lar movement in 1903, was nearly 6
million bushels in excess of that for
1904, the opening of the Great Lakes
and the consequent reduced rate of
the Atlantic seaboard having caused
a fire movement of the grain stored
in elevators. The inbound movement
of all cereals at Chicago during the
current year to and including May 27
reached a total of 84,410,723 bushels,
an amount over 12 million bushels
greater than the 1904 movement and
about 4 million bushels heavier than
that for 1903. Wheat receipts at this
city during the current year totaled
6,887,478 bushels, corn receipts 43,074,
926 bushels, oat receipts 24,094,407
bushels, rye receipts 537,510 bushels,
and barley receipts 9,119,751 bushels.
The corn receipts, as compared with
those of the first five months of 1904,
show a gain of over 14 million bushels,
and to this largely due the heavy in-
crease in the total arrivals of all
grains at Chicago. Grain shipments
from this market for the first 21 weeks
of 1905 totaled 60,522,538 bushels, as
against 43,716,072 bushels in 1904 and
62,916,551 bushels in 1903.

During the month of May the num-
ber of live animals received at Chi-
cago, Kansas City, Omaha, St. Louis and
St. Joseph amounted to 2,935,910 head,
an amount approximately 400,000 head
larger than corresponding movements
in either of the two preceding years.
Of the current month's receipts at these
markets, 584,898 head were cattle, 69,
380 head calves, 1,473,214 head hogs,
780,000 head sheep, and 29,428 head
horses and mules. Gains were made
in each one of the classes specified by
comparison with like movements in
1903 and 1904. The number of cars
required to handle the inbound move-
ment of live stock at these five mar-
kets during the year totaled 32,338, as
against 46,974 cars in 1904 and 48,291
cars in 1903. For a five-month period
receipts of live stock aggregated 14,
365,565 head in 1905, as against 13,950,
227 head in 1904 and 12,578,270 head
in 1903. The cattle arriving during
this period numbered 2,841,695 head—
calves, 216,493 head; hogs, 7,410,169
head; sheep, 3,714,889 head, and horse
and mules, 182,326 head.

At Chicago live-stock receipts dur-
ing May totaled 1,343,684 head, an
amount appreciably in excess of that
representing similar movements in
either of the two preceding years.
The shipments for the month, which
totaled 270,649 head, were also heavier
than like movements in 1904 or 1903.
Local consumption during May at
this city amounted to 973,835 head and
was approximately 100,000 head greater
than that of similar month in either
of the two preceding years. During
the first five months of the current
year 1,324,148 head of cattle, 182,055
head of calves, 3,546,993 head of hogs,
1,696,849 head of sheep, and 69,853
head of horses were received at Chi-
cago, making a grand total of 6,529,898
head in contrast with similar move-
ment in 1904 of 6,707,532 head and in
1903 of 6,059,831 head.

Packing house products were ship-
ped from Chicago during the first four
weeks of May to the amount of 181,
823,030 pounds in 1905, as against
200,645,682 pounds in 1904, and 145,
400,067 pounds in 1903. For the year
to May 27, similar shipments ag-
gregated 965,161,182 pounds, and were
composed of 12,377,500 pounds of beef,
58,180,350 pounds of canned meats,
264,141,924 pounds of cured meats,
118,761,119 pounds of dressed beef,
12,255,700 pounds of dressed hogs,
62,687,861 pounds of hides, 126,285,
003 pounds of lard, and 10,501,200
pounds of pork. The total amount of
similar commodities shipped during
corresponding months of 1904 amount-
ed to 1,062,606,204 pounds, and in
1903 to 881,329,000 pounds.

Traffic movements on the Great
Lakes were resumed in heavy volume
during the month of May, receipts for
the month amounting to 5,135,360
tons, as against 1,016,735 tons for a
corresponding month in 1904, and 7,
144,819 tons in 1903. Shipments,
which totaled 5,260,607 tons during
the fifth month of the current year,
were composed of the following items:
97,676 net tons of flour, 15,428,270
bushels of grain and flaxseed, 19,823,
847 net tons of coal, 4,634,822 tons of
ore and minerals, 263,635 feet of logs
and lumber, and 573,801 net tons of
unclassified freight. The total
outbound movement during a similar
month in 1904 aggregated 1,224,488
tons, and in 1903, 7,178,105 tons. Dur-
ing the first five months of the cur-
rent year shipments from various
points on the Great Lakes totaled 12,
175,018 tons, while a similar move-
ment in 1904 amounted to 2,130,851
tons, and in 1903 to 11,338,790 tons.
The great increase for the present
year, as compared with that for 1904,
was not only caused by an earlier
opening of navigation, but also by the
restricting influences of the labor dif-
ficulties occurring in the spring and
early summer of 1904.

Traffic on the canals at Sault Ste.
Marie, Mich., and Ontario, Canada, for
the month of May totaled 5,775,787
net tons, as compared with 449,588
net tons for a corresponding month
in 1904, and 5,188,017 net tons in 1903.
Of the current month's movement,
4,686,827 tons passed through the
United States canal and 1,088,960 tons
through the Canadian canal, the total
tonnage of those two canals being di-
vided into an eastbound movement of
4,366,851 tons and a westbound move-
ment of 838,936 tons. The principal

items composing the eastbound move-
ment were 4,806,670 bushels of grain
other than wheat, 4,332,736 tons of iron
ore, and 5,582,061 bushels of wheat,
while the most prominent items in the
westbound movement were 624,227 net
tons of soft coal, 93,188 net tons of
hard coal, 94,877 net tons of general
merchandise, and 59,812 barrels of
salt.

RUSSIAN REVOLUTIONISTS.

"Russia," said Danilevsky, "is the
only country that never has had and
never will have any political revolu-
tion." As a record of the past, his
declaration was true. As a prophecy,
the doings of this present year cause
it to be regarded with some doubt.
There, in fact, three well defined
revolutionary movements now in
progress in Russia. One is led by the
Emperor himself. He has declared in
the most explicit and determined
manner that Russia shall have a con-
stitutional parliament, elected by the
people. We must expect him to fulfil
that pledge. If he does so, he will
effect a revolution. The second move-
ment is that of the Zemstvos and such
statesmen as Mr. Witte, who are tell-
ing the Emperor that unless the auto-
cracy grants the needed reforms the
democracy will rise and effect them
by force. The third is the violent
movement now ominously visible at
Lodz and elsewhere in Poland and
other parts of the empire.

It is said that a general revolution
is impossible in Russia, because of the
lack of homogeneity. True, Russia is
not homogeneous. It has no national
spirit. The village or commune is the
unit to which the individual gives
allegiance. The empire is a congeries
of realms, as the title "Czar of All
the Russias" indicates. There are
Great Russia, Little Russia, White
Russia, the Ukraine, Poland, Finland,
the Caucasus, etc., and the people of
each differ from those of the others,
and are sometimes antagonistic to
them. There is, then, little prospect
of uniform action by them all.

Nevertheless, that same circum-
stance may be a source of fatal weak-
ness. If all the members of the em-
pire will not rise in revolt together,
perhaps they will not stand together
in suppressing a revolt. In all Euro-
pean Russia there are about 105,000,
000 persons. The largest ethnic divi-
sion of the empire, Great Russia,
has just one-third of them. Poland
has about one-tenth. All the real Rus-
sians united are scarcely three-fourths
of the whole. A determined uprising
in two or three divisions of the em-
pire might, therefore, be most formi-
dable, because of the lack of unity and
coherence among the others.

Under such circumstances, the pos-
sibility of revolution in Russia is
scarcely to be dismissed today as con-
fidently as it was by Danilevsky.

JULY THE 4th, 1905.

One hundred and twenty-nine years
ago tomorrow the Continental Con-
gress in Philadelphia declared the
thirteen colonies of Great Britain in
America free and independent from
the mother country. It was a great
undertaking for the little seaboard
settlements of America to cast off the
yoke of allegiance to the mother coun-
try. It was daring men who decided
the momentous step and each year
as the anniversary of the day comes
round it is celebrated the country over
in fitting manner. Tomorrow
Janesville will celebrate the day with
a stupendous celebration, if one may
judge from the show bills and press
notices. In the form and manner of
the Janesville celebration a new and
unique feature of the day is enacted.
The old games of climbing the great-
est pole, chasing the greased pig and
running foot races has been done
away with. In the morning comes the
industrial and military pageant with
speaking by Rev. Tippet in the court
house park. In the afternoon the
burlesque circus and street entertain-
ments and in the evening band con-
certs and an electrical display takes
place. The day will be fittingly cele-
brated in Janesville that is an as-
sured fact.

PRESS COMMENT.

Turtle Trumpet-Call: Doors will be
closed here tomorrow. Ye editor
will be with the boys at Janesville.

Appleton Crescent: The first white
child born at Green Bay died again
the other day.

Rockford Register-Gazette: The
Wisconsin boat crew finished last at
Poughkeepsie. A badger never was
much good in water.

Bradford Bugle: East Indian Dur-
bars at Janesville? Whoa, Ananias!
Whoa, boy!

Oshkosh Northwestern: Isn't it
about time for the Wisconsin "varsity"
crew to look for a new coach?

Exchange: No one has yet thought
to suggest that Miss Rehan's opera-
tion for appendicitis was in any way
due to a scheme concocted by her
press agent.

Madison Democrat: "Young men
for war, middle-aged men for coun-
sel, real old men for breach of prom-
ise" is the truly modern form of an
ancient bit of philosophy.

Madison Journal: Gov. La Follette
is telling the Chautauqua loungers
that he may not go to the senate any-
way. "Bob" always did like to keep
the groundlings guessing.

Marion Advertiser: Morocco is
making an awful fuss among the na-
tions of Europe, and yet from its size
as well as its name, one would think
it was only a "kid" in the family of
nations.

Menasha Record: Would not col-
lege athletics be better if the energy
devoted to making a few very high
marks was expended in developing
the physique of all the students.

Racine Journal: Despite the asser-

tion of a Washington paper that in
government clerkships lie no promo-
tion, the procession after such never
diminishes. Government pork never
loses its savor.

La Crosse Leader-Press: When the
Wisconsin crew goes to Poughkeepsie
its admirers read the race summary
the way they do the baseball standing
at Green Bay—from the bottom up-
wards.

Chicago Record-Herald: A New
York preacher has resigned his pulpit
to enter the life insurance business.
Well, it appears that there is plenty
of room for good men in the line that
he has just taken up.

Marquette Eagle-Star: Every time
that a get-rich-quick firm is rounded
up by the authorities it is shown that
there are thousands and thousands of
suckers who were willing to get rich
by questionable means.

Sheboygan Journal: A bolt of
lightning struck a cow near Janes-
ville and the animal fell upon and
nearly killed a farmer. When having
your cows struck by lightning it is
better to have it done in an open
field, and at a safe distance.

Superior Telegram: The Janesville
Gazette says that the Chicago Chroni-
cle is the strongest republican paper
in Chicago. It ought to be—it has
been republican only a few months,
and it surely ought to keep its
strength that long.

La Crosse Chronicle: Edward K.
Bok, editor of the carefully edited
Ladies' Home Journal, when asked
how he had made that publication
so successful replied, "I have worked
like the devil." If Ruth Ashmore
were alive this would not have hap-
pened.

Exchange: It is stated that it costs
the New York Central railway and the
life and accident insurance companies
\$771,000 to have a switch misplaced
when the train is running. As usual,
the railway finds it cheaper to kill
than to maim. It will pay \$35,000 for
killing fourteen passengers and \$200,
000 for maiming others.

Green Bay Gazette: Governor La
Follette announces from Des Moines
that he may never accept the sena-
torship and that he will not decide
until next December, or until just be-
fore the convening of congress. In
the meantime the governor will be
touring the country giving lectures
and he probably expects to feel the
pulse of the people and draw his own
conclusions as to the extent and
strength of the expected popular up-
rising to make him president of the
United States in 1908.

La Crosse Chronicle: The country
owes much to this calm, quiet, judi-
cial-minded, yet alert and courageous
secretary. He brought the reputation
and influence of American diplomacy
to a standard never reached before,
and not his own nation only but the
whole civilized world learned to trust
his integrity, to respect his judg-
ment, to look to him for sound lead-
ership in the cause of justice and hu-
manity. Never was there greater need
of such a man than now, when this
country seems destined to mingle
more and more actively in worldwide
affairs. Always frail of body, though
strong of mind, John Hay really
wore himself out in the public service.

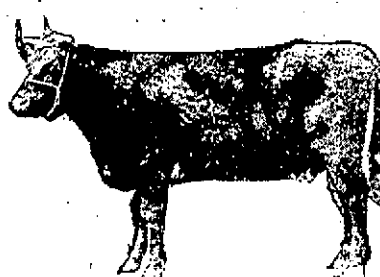
Chilton Times: The legislature
just adjourned placed one good law
on the statute books. It absolutely
prohibits divorced people from marry-
ing within a year after the decree
has been granted. This promiscuous
granting of divorces and licensing
separated ones to rush headlong into
another alliance, with perhaps the
same result, is a growing evil that
should not be tolerated. While the
law just passed does not prohibit
re-marrying after divorce it will have
a tendency to check the outrageous
custom or at least compel the divorcee
to take sufficient time to look the
situation squarely in the face before
making another contract.

Farley on Divorce.

Oshkosh Northwestern: In the opin-
ion of Archbishop Farley, of New
York, divorce is the most terrible
social menace of the present time, and
he regards President Roosevelt, for
his combat with this evil, as the
greatest president since the immortal
Washington. At the convention of
the Knights of Columbus recently
held at Los Angeles, Archbishop Far-
ley, who is the official head of this
order, made a masterly address in
which he spoke of the loyalty of the
Catholics to the government and the
passing of prejudice as regards pub-
lic matters. And his praise for the
present chief of the executive of this
nation was unstinted for the stand
which the latter has taken in opposi-
tion to the "evil" of divorce. As a
matter of fact nothing more clearly
illustrates the cordial feeling of the
Catholic clergy toward President
Roosevelt, a Protestant, than this
speech of Archbishop Farley, whose
words of commendation are undoubt-
edly indorsed in Catholic circles ev-
erywhere. The good archbishop is
firmly convinced that this nation will
sink toward ruin unless divorce is
curtailed, and he believes that Presi-
dent Roosevelt has done the country
tremendous good by his frank, outspoken
denunciation of this and many other
evils.

Wood the Ideal Pavement.

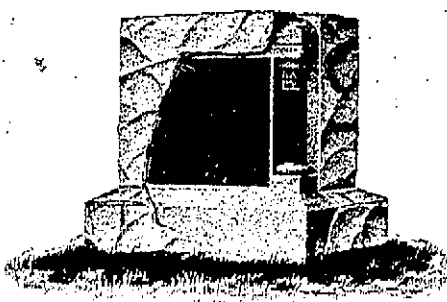
Minneapolis Tribune: We suppose
there is no doubt as to what is the
best pavement in the world. It is
beyond question the wooden block
pavement as laid in London. This is
made of blocks of very hard, dense
and heavy Australian gum wood, thor-
oughly creosoted to resist decay and
impregnated with grit until the sur-
face is like stone. This pavement
is laid as smooth as asphalt, it wears
almost like granite and is neither
slippery nor noisy. Other European
capitals have fine wooden pavements,
but we are not sure that they use
these specially hard tropical woods.
They are used in British provincial
cities; but probably are not laid there
with the same care as in London.
Of course this pavement is expensive.
It costs nearly 50 per cent more than
asphalt. For that reason it has not
been used much in this country. New
York paved one cross street with



Rose of Janesville 2d

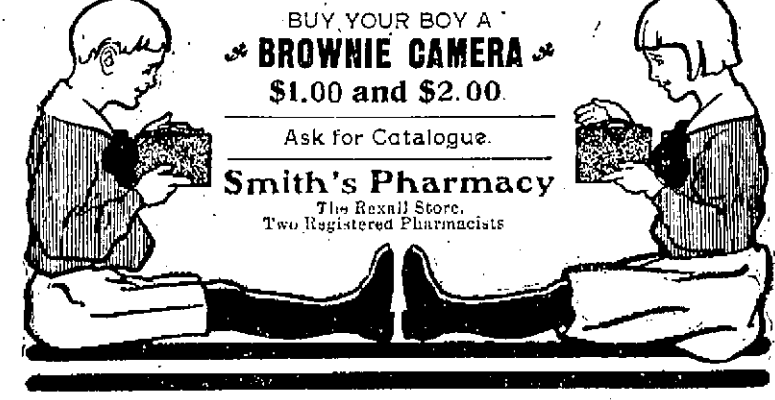
EST. THOS. LITTLE, B. W. LITTLE, Manager.
3 Miles N. W. Janesville, P. O. R. 7.

BIG MONUMENT SALES!



BRESEE, 162 W. Mil. St.

KODAK



BUY YOUR BOY A
BROWNIE CAMERA
\$1.00 and \$2.00
Ask for Catalogue.
Smith's Pharmacy
The Rexall Store,
Two Registered Pharmacists

WISCONSIN STATE LEAGUE

Freeport 4, La Crosse 2
Freeport, Ill., July 3.—The Free-
porters were again successful in the
game with the La Crosse team. To-
day will be an off day, two games to
be played the following day. Score:
R. H. E.
Freeport . . . 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 4 10 2
La Crosse . . . 1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 2 7 1
Batteries—Malvin and Luke; Jones
and Dodge.

Beloit 8, Wausau 1
Beloit, Wis., July 3.—Beloit defeat-
ed Wausau here again Sunday by a
score of 8 to 1. The Wausau batters
could not solve Bubser's delivery.
Score:
Beloit . . . 1 0 0 2 0 1 2 2 8 8
Wausau . . . 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 6
Batteries—Bubser and Duckworth;
Garlic and O'Brien.

Oshkosh 1, Green Bay 0
Oshkosh, Wis., July 3.—Oshkosh
earned the only run made in the con-
test with Green Bay yesterday. The
score:
R. H. E.
Oshkosh . . . 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 6 2
Green Bay . . . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 5 2
Batteries—Star and Moore; Stem-
mel and Connor.

SPECIAL POLICE APPOINTED
TO ASSIST THE REGULARS
Force Will Be Augmented by Seven
Deputies All Day
Tomorrow.

City Marshal Comstock this after-
noon announced the appointment of
the following as special police for
service on the Fourth of July: C. K.
Mittmore, mount; W. F. Malone,
Frank Hancy, Michael Panning,
Charles Harmon, James Doe, Jr., C.
H. Sharp, and Miles Cox.

SHOOT BEING HELD AT
ATHLETIC PARK TODAY
Under Auspices of Janesville Gun
Club—Badger Club's Weekly
Scores.

At the Athletic park, the range of
the Janesville Gun Club, is this af-
ternoon being held a shoot and a num-
ber of professional trapmen are com-
peting in the various events. A dele-
gation from the newly organized
Badger Gun Club is present and par-
ticipating in the shoot. At the regu-
lar weekly shoot of that same club
the following scores were made:

Shot at, Bruke.
Bentley . . . 15 25
Young . . . 50 36
Wood . . . 55 26
Nelson . . . 50 26
Groff . . . 50 46
Tucker . . . 50 24
Williams . . . 50 40
Horn . . . 55 20
McNamara . . . 50 27
Sherwood . . . 25 15
Van Rankin . . . 25 13
Guy . . . 10 7

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY
FOUND, June 28, on Wisconsin street—A ring.
The owner will please prove property and
pay charges at 15 N. Main St., James Bove.

WANTED—Man to work by month on dairy
farm. Geo. Windt, R. R. No. 7.

FOR SALE—Gussard front lace curtain, cor-
rectly fitted at Miss Williams, 431 Hayes
Block.

PURE BRED STOCK

LITTLE'S PIONEER HERD
OF SHORT HORNS.

The choicest animals for all pur-
poses. The man who feeds com-
moplace stock is putting just as
much money into them as would
be necessary for the keeping of
high bred animals. Little's Herd of
Dual Purpose Short Horns represent
thirty years of fine breeding. Head
your herd with good stock and do
it now. Choice animals for sale.

150 Sample
Shirt Waists.White Duck and
Pique Skirts.

SPECIAL SALE OF

Muslin
Underwear..

We have just received
the complete sample line
of Muslin Undergar-
ments made by a leading
New York manufacturer
which comprises every-
thing, from the low qual-
ities up to the best made.
The entire line will be

On Sale
This Week.

The line comprises
Gowns, Skirts, Chemise,
Corset Covers and
Drawers. Special coun-
ters at

49c, 69c
and 89c.Children's Dresses,
white and colored,
at Cost.20c Gauze Vests
for 10c.

On Life's Journey.
He who is something will do some-
thing; he who is more will do more;
and he who is most will do most.—J.
Freeman Clarke.

A good thing—a want ad.

Pure White Lead.
T I M E tried and
proven "Shipman"
White Lead costs
no more than other brands
whose purity is uncertain.
And purity is everything
in White Lead. Get
"Shipman."

They are not expensive.
ASK FOR CATALOGUE
TRY WALNUT SUNDAE
AT OUR FOUNTAIN

SMITH'S PHARMACY
The Rexall Store.
Two Registered Pharmacists.

REDUCTION SALE
Extra Special for
WEDNESDAY,
JULY 5th.

A limited quantity of Blue and
White, White Lined Enam-
eled Pudding Pans.

8 10 and 12 Quarts
Wednesday Only One to a Customer.
CHOICE

WILL BE BIGGEST DAY IN HISTORY

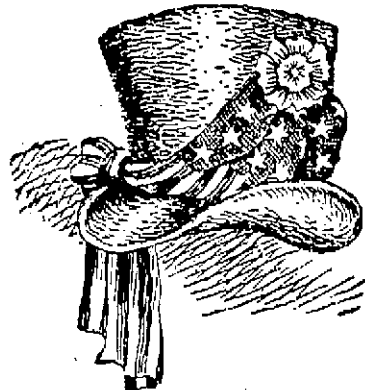
TOMORROW IS FOURTH OF JULY IN JANESVILLE.

VISITORS FLOCKING HERE

Vanguard Commenced to Arrive This Morning—Outline of the Great Program.

Visitors are flocking into the city today for tomorrow's big Fourth of July celebration which has been heralded all over the Northwest. Every train is bringing them in. From all indications it is to be the biggest day in the history of Janesville. Tonight and tomorrow morning it is expected that every citizen will delegate himself a committee of one to decorate his home and place of business with bunting and flags.

Committeemen Are Busy
All of the committeemen who have the various portions of the celebration in charge were at work bright and early this morning. Col. Nonesuch stopped every young man and old who had not yet signified his intention of taking part in the circus and urgently requested him to do something for his



city. The advertising value of this big feature, if rightly carried out, is worth more than tons of picture books and prospectuses. This alone answers the question of utility if anyone is dense enough to ask it and establishes the motive of patriotism and town pride. It is the duty of every citizen, who is not infirm, to do his utmost.

Morning Industrial Parade
The industrial parade will start at ten o'clock at the western end of Milwaukee street. The line of march will not be settled upon definitely until this evening. The parade will form in the following order:

- Formation of Morning Parade
- Mounted Police.
- Police Squad on Foot.
- Fire Police.
- Imperial Band.
- Grand Army.
- Women's Relief Corps.
- G. A. R. Drum Corps.
- Mayor and Speakers in Carriages.
- Council in Carriages.
- Edgerton Band.
- Societies.
- Floats.
- Fl. Atkinson Band.
- Floats.
- Unions.
- Manufacturers' Floats.
- Lake Mills Band.
- Industrial Floats, Etc.
- Vehicles and Rigs.
- Speaking in the Park

At the conclusion of this parade there will be music and speaking in the Courthouse park, a platform for these exercises having been erected in the western portion of the grounds. Rev. J. H. Tippet, will deliver the oration of the day. Rev. Goebel will offer prayer, and Mrs. Janet B. Day will read the Declaration of Independence. The mayor and city council will attend these ceremonies in a body.

Grand Circus Parade
The Nonesuch Bros. parade will move from the fair grounds at two o'clock sharp. All participants should be on hand at one or shortly thereafter. The line of march will be as follows:

West on Milwaukee street to Academy street; on Academy to West Bluff; east on West Bluff street to High street; south on High to Milwaukee; east on Milwaukee to Main; south on Main and counter-march.

Vaudeville Shows
Immediately after the circus performance the vaudeville entertainments and band concerts on the three platforms erected—one on South River street, one on the Corn Exchange square, and one on North Main—will commence.

Grand Electric Display
The city will be illuminated with a grand electric display and streams of colored fire in the evening. The Imperial band will play in the Courthouse park and the other bands at convenient places to be determined upon later. There will be the customary fireworks and the day will end about 12 o'clock in a blaze of glory.

Foreword to the Boys
Boys who are armed with firecrackers and dynamite canes must refrain from using them during the progress of the two parades when, by their so doing, horses will be frightened and lives endangered. The shooting of pigeons within the city limits will be followed by prosecution of the guilty parties, according to the edict issued by Marshal Comstock this morning.

No Paper Tomorrow
In accordance with custom immemorial there will be no issue of the Janesville Daily Gazette tomorrow.

WILL CELEBRATE THE FOURTH AS HOLIDAY
No issue of the Gazette will be printed tomorrow afternoon.

Owing to the fact that tomorrow is the Fourth of July and the Nonesuch Bros. circus will exhibit here, there will be no issue of the Gazette. The Wednesday issue will be replete with news of both days and the great celebration held here tomorrow.

P. O. Hours for July 4th
Postoffice will be open from 8 to 9 a. m. and from 1 to 2 p. m. Carriers will make their early morning delivery and will be at their windows from 1 until 2 p. m.

WALLACE MAC GREGOR TO WED IN AUTUMN

Engagement of Successful Young Business Man from Janesville to Miss Jessie Hand of Racine, Announced

Announcement was made at Racine at a small company Friday evening of the engagement of Wallace Forest MacGregor, superintendent of the J. I. Case Co.'s plant, and Miss Jessie Hand of that city. Mr. MacGregor is a son of Mr. and Mrs. Alexander MacGregor of Janesville and has spent most of his life here. The tidings that he is about to leave the ranks of bachelorhood will come as a real surprise to his large circle of friends in this vicinity. Miss Hand is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Hand and is prominent in Racine society circles. Both young people are graduates of the University of Wisconsin. Miss Hand was a member of the Delta Gamma sorority of that institution and Mr. MacGregor belonged to the Alpha Delta Phi fraternity. The wedding will take place during the early fall.

LODGE MEETINGS TONIGHT

Rock River Tent No. 51, Knights of the Maccabees, at East Side Odd Fellows' hall.

Rock River Hive No. 71, Ladies of the Maccabees, at East Side Odd Fellows' hall.

Janesville Assembly No. 171, Equitable Fraternal Union, at Caledonian hall.

FUTURE EVENTS

Coming July 4—The Incomparable Nonesuch Bros. and Their Allied Shows. Biggest amateur pageant and street carnival ever seen in the state of Wisconsin.

WEATHER

Temperature last 24 hours taken from U. S. registered thermometer at Heimstreet's drugstore: highest, 85; lowest, 68; at 7 a. m., 74; at 3 p. m., 85; wind, southeast; sultry, showers and sunshine.

LATE LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF

Country bacon, 10c. Nash.

"The Little Garmur five-cent cigar is selling very nicely," said W. F. McCue of McCue & Buss, the druggists.

The Y. P. S. of the Baptist church will sell ice cream and cake at the church parlors during the afternoon and evening of the Fourth, 10c.

We close at noon the 4th. Nash.

J. H. Miller of Verona, Wis., has just returned from the La Salle, Ill., Cancer Cure where he was cured of a cancer of the lip by the injection of Dr. Clendenen's noted antidote into the diseased part, which cures cancer in every case.

H. R. Monterey lard, Nash.

Just received a large line of regular \$4 fancy parasols which we will place on sale this week at the ridiculous price of \$1.25. T. P. Burns.

See the large line of \$4.50 ladies' shirt-waist suits we are selling for \$2.98 and \$1.98. T. P. Burns.

5 lb. palls H. G. lard, 50c. Nash.

NO TAGS FOR AUTOS UNTIL JULY 10TH

Janesville Owners Receive Notice That Plates Have Not Yet Come From Manufacturer.

Owners of autos in this city received in their mail either yesterday or today notice from the Secretary of State at Madison that the numerical plates for automobiles required by the new law will not be forwarded until about July 10. A license, granting the bearer the privileges of driving his machine without the tag until it arrives, was sent to each applicant and it was stated that the plates had not yet been received from the manufacturer, but would be sent in about ten days.

May Be Too Large

It has been reported from Madison that the tags were eleven by six inches high and followed by a "W." Members of the Milwaukee automobile club are much wrought up over this and if the rumor proves to be true it may be that the Cream City chauffeurs will refuse to attach the plates. A number of local drivers, when asked concerning them, said that they hardly dared say any such enormous tags, as they would be unnecessarily large for the accommodations of the numerals prescribed and there seemed to be no thought of rebelling against the new order of things.

What of Motor-Cycles?

Whether or not the new law is intended to apply equally to motor-cycles is not known at the present time. Secretary Drought of the Milwaukee auto club wrote the secretary of state some time ago that he did not believe that the motor-cycles could conveniently carry a number plate with three-inch numerals upon it. He asked for an opinion of the attorney general in regard to the application of the law to the motor-cycles, as yet, and the owners of the cycles will not take any steps toward registering their machines until the opinion has been given.

AND NOW IT'S CHICO CIGARS

Interesting Talk by Smith Drug Co. on What Makes a Cigar Popular.

The remarkable success of Wadsworth Bros. Chico cigar in getting into the mouths of smokers in Janesville is astonishing.

Less than a year ago the Chico was unknown here. Today it is the most popular cigar in Smith Drug Co.'s large stock.

"Advertising alone will not make a cigar popular," said Mr. Smith. "A cigar must be good to meet with a sale in this city. I do not know of a town where the smokers are as discriminating as they are in Janesville, and the fact that they have made Wadsworth Bros. Chico their favorite, speaks volumes for its quality. While it sells for 5c, it is better than the average ten cent, so that it reaches all classes of smokers. It is an all long Havana filler cigar, and a good one, that I am glad to recommend to my customers."

NEWS OF A PERSONAL NATURE

Len Wilcox returned from Delavan Lake to spend Sunday in the city.

Clerk of Court Ward Stevens spent Sunday in Milwaukee.

Fred Sheldon visited in Portage yesterday.

Kirk Whitton of Chicago is a Janesville visitor.

Miss Leah J. Haile of Chicago is visiting at the home of Miss Racine Bostwick.

Mark Bostwick has returned from a three months' trip on the road.

Miss Mabel Greenman entertained at a dancing party at the golf links Saturday evening.

The Misses Julia Clifford and Margaret Brennan have gone to Aberdeen, South Dakota.

Mrs. Kavelage entertained at carter Saturday in honor of Mrs. Addy of Minneapolis.

Mrs. Enoch Taylor and Miss Slona Craft visited with Mrs. Taylor's mother, Mrs. E. Canada, in Jefferson yesterday.

Miss Clara Hall of Milwaukee is visiting her sister, Mrs. A. Walker, 105 Prospect avenue.

George Crane has sold his home on Washington street and will move his family to Green Bay, where he holds an important position with the C. & N. W. Ry. Co.

The Misses Katherine and Phoebe Cunningham left Saturday evening for Chicago. On Wednesday they will sail for Escanaba, Mich., where they expect to visit for a fortnight.

F. B. Tuttle and wife are in Milwaukee.

Miss Ida Abendroth of Milwaukee is home on a four weeks' vacation visiting her parents.

Edward Stevens of Chicago is here to spend the Fourth with his parents, Major and Mrs. F. F. Stevens.

W. A. Jackson came out from Milwaukee Saturday and will remain until after the Fourth.

Mrs. Phoebe Kellogg and Ed Fish and daughter of Racine and Miss Ida Fish of Milwaukee are here to spend the Fourth with relatives.

Miss Hazel Croft of Beloit was the guest of her aunt, Mrs. Croft, on Myrtle street the last week.

Elmer Clark, wife and baby of Waukegan, Ill., are in the city to spend a few days with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Clark.

Miss Gertrude Wells of Los Angeles, California, the Misses Colly and Ida Fenton of Madison and Miss Irma Sutherland of Monroe were guests of Miss Dade Conroy Friday and Saturday.

Mrs. Arthur Thompson of Milwaukee is the guest of her mother, Mrs. C. L. Bowles.

Miss Jeanne Burke will entertain this evening for her sister, Mrs. William Webb of Rockford, who is her guest.

Edward and Warner Clark of Beloit spent Sunday in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Pierce and son of Evansville spent Sunday with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Conroy, on Pearl street.

H. W. Scott of Wausau is in the city to view the great Nonesuch Bros. circus.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Coon and family of Waupun are here to spend the Fourth with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Palmer, on Terrace street.

Mrs. George Vachow of Milwaukee is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Johnson, on Pearl street.

Miss Rosella Hatherell is home to spend her vacation.

Miss Amelia Tolles of Evansville is visiting at the home of her brother, Burr W. Tolles, on Ravine street.

George Allen of Columbus, Ohio, is in the city.

Harry McKinney is here from Oconto, Wis., to see the big Nonesuch parade.

John V. Norcross is here from Chicago to take part in the Fourth of July celebration.

James Brown of Rockford is here for the Fourth.

James Haggart is here from Chicago to see the big Nonesuch circus.

A. H. Strange of Merrill is visiting his sister, Mrs. Hannah Baumann.

Mr. and Mrs. Coon are here from Waupun to spend the Fourth with the latter's brother, Roy Palmer.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Smith of Beloit were Janesville visitors yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Claire of Elgin are visiting at the residence of F. J. Hinterschied.

Dr. Lindstrom will spend tomorrow at Oconomowoc.

Mr. Lewis Baumann and Miss Katie Karl are visiting friends in Madison and Milwaukee for a week.

Miss Jessie Stewart expects to spend the Fourth at her home in Edgerton.

Rev. and Mrs. R. M. Vaughan returned Saturday from an extended visit through the east, visiting in Detroit and Boston. They attended the decennial celebration of Dr. Vaughan's class at Brown University in Providence, Rhode Island.

Thomas Casey is home from Chicago.

William Hogan has been here from Kaukauna for the past few days.

Miss Mamie Cary of Shullsburg spent Sunday in the city, the guest of Miss Ida Abendroth.

Mr. and Mrs. John Nicholson and daughters, the Misses Maude and Marge Nicholson, went to Lake Kegonsa Saturday for a two months' outing.

Charles Sprackling of Whitewater is in the city.

Henry Ebbott of Edgerton is a Janesville visitor today.

R. W. Cheever of Clinton is in the city.

J. W. Cooper of Whitewater is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Rice of La Prairie were Janesville visitors yesterday.

A. H. Bartlett of Ft. Atkinson was in Janesville yesterday.

Miss Lizzie Morrissey of Minneapolis is visiting relatives in the city.

C. B. Clark has arrived from Chicago to prepare for his appearance in the "Eva Whymor" contingent of the great Nonesuch spectacle.

H. E. McCoy of Chicago has arrived to spend the Fourth in Janesville.

Al Guy of Milwaukee is here to see the nation's birthday celebrated in appropriate style.

John Long of Chicago, superintendent of bridges and buildings for the North-Western railroad, and his brother-in-law, E. P. Freeman of Ft. Worth, Texas, are here for the Fourth.

A. F. Steele of Whitewater is here to witness Janesville's "sane Fourth."

Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Lane returned from Macon, Missouri, Saturday evening.

Miss Basha Pease of Fulton is here to spend the Fourth.

Max Millmore came home from Chicago yesterday morning for a vacation.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Gilles of Prairie du Chien are in the city for the Nonesuch Bros. circus tomorrow.

Mrs. George E. Sanger and children returned this morning from a three weeks' sojourn at Lake Kegonsa.

Burr Scott came here from Milwaukee this morning.

Mrs. G. A. Breakley and children and Miss Waters of Chicago returned home last evening after a pleasant visit of two weeks' duration with Mrs. Breakley's father, Richard Berry, on Gold street.

Mr. and Mrs. Earl Coon and children of Waupun are guests at the home of Mrs. Coon's parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Palmer, at 53 Terrace street.

U. W. Erickson of Ashland is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Heap and Ed Luburger of Milwaukee are being entertained at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Groffy at 127 1/2 Glen street.

Ray Kidder of Milton Junction visited in the city yesterday.

A. G. Anderson is home from Lake Kegonsa. He will leave in a few days for Dakota to attend the meetings of two banks in which he is interested.

Lynn Cory of Footville visited in the city yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. George Sale returned this morning from their wedding trip.

Mrs. Charles Putnam, Mrs. Edwin Carpenter, and the other ladies composing a party that has been enjoying an outing at Lake Koshkonong, returned to the city this morning.

Dr. and Mrs. W. F. Hoyt of Pawpaw, Michigan, arrived here Saturday evening and will be the guests of Mr. Hoyt's mother, Mrs. S. S. Eldred, until Thursday.

Arthur Harlan of Chicago is visiting friends in this city for a few days.

Herbert Goldin of Milwaukee, spent yesterday in the city.

Miss Grace Green and Mr. George Adkins of Hammond, Ind., are spending a few days with friends and relatives.

Miss Edna Murdock is spending the summer in Rochester, N. Y., the guest of her aunt, Mrs. W. Wright. While there Miss Murdock will study music at the Rochester Conservatory of Music.

George L. Harrington, sheriff of Walworth county, and son are visiting S. Shawvan, 57 Ruger avenue.

G. D. Sweet, wife and daughter of Storm Lake, Iowa, are spending the summer with S. Shawvan, 57 Ruger avenue.

Joe Webber, Jr., left this afternoon for Chicago, where he will spend a week with friends and relatives.

KEEPING HIS WORD GIVEN LAST YEAR

Traveling Man Who Swore To Back Here This Fourth Is On His Way From Omaha.

O. W. Swift, a traveling man, happened quite by chance to be "left over" in this city last Fourth of July. He had no intention of spending the day here but after he had seen the Nonesuch Bros. circus parade he said to Dave Young: "If I'm within 500 miles of Janesville next year, I'll be back here sure." Mr. Young thought no more of the matter until this morning when upon opening a letter postmarked "Omaha, Nebraska," and written on the stationery of the Hotel Paxton he read under the date of July 1: "My wife and I expect to run into your city July 4th in the forenoon from here. Change at Davis Junction. Kindly reserve a good room for us. Thanking you in advance for same, I am

"Very truly yours,

"O. W. SWIFT."

OBITUARY

Mrs. Elbridge Garry Fildel

All that is mortal of the late Mrs. Elbridge Garry Fildel was tenderly interred in Oak Hill cemetery today, funeral services being held from the home at 294 North Jackson street at half-past three this afternoon. Rev. Denison was the officiating clergyman and the pallbearers were Edwin Fildel, Dr. George Fildel, Henry Lane, Charles Copeland of Jefferson, H. Ross King and Norman L. Carle. The floral tributes were many and beautiful and the attendance at the services large.

Artistic Monuments

The largest up-to-date stock to be found in the city. This is a feature worthy of consideration in making a selection of a Monument, as it gives you the advantage of seeing what you buy, and assures prompt delivery and satisfaction. The number of monuments sold in the past two months proves to us that our prices are right for the best grade of granite and workmanship.

Mrs. F. A. Bennett

15 North Franklin St.

W. F. HAYES in office Sunday from 11 to 1.

At...F. C. COOK & CO., JEWELERS

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W. F

INDIAN LAND DECISION
STATUS OF WARDS

Woman of Mixed Blood Gains Important Suit in Which Standing is Given Half-Breeds.

Sioux Falls, S. D., July 3.—Judge Carland of the United States court in this city has just handed down a decision which is of far-reaching importance as defining the rights of full-blood and mixed blood Indians.

The decision was rendered in the case of Mrs. Jane E. Waldron versus The United States, Black Tomahawk and Ira A. Hatch, as United States Indian agent at the Cheyenne River agency. A valuable tract of land adjoining the Fort Pierre town site was directly involved in the case, which has been pending through all the various land departments of the United States since February 10, 1890.

Mrs. Waldron, who is a highly educated mixed-blood Indian woman, is a member of what is known as the Two Kettle band of Indians, living on the Cheyenne River reservation, and established her residence on the land in controversy in July, 1889. Since that time she has resided on the land with her family.

She was residing upon the tract at the time 9,000,000 acres of the Great Sioux reservation were opened to settlement on February 10, 1890. Subsequently Black Tomahawk, who is a full-blood Sioux Indian, claimed the tract as his allotment. It was charged that he was induced to claim the land by some townspeople "boomers," who were desirous of securing the land through him, so it could be divided into town lots and placed upon the market. Judge Carland, in this connection, decides that Black Tomahawk's settlement on the land was "not in good faith, but in the interest of others."

Black Tomahawk in due time applied for a patent (title) to the land, and after the case had been fought through the local and general land offices, and to the secretary of the interior, he was granted a trust patent to the disputed tract. This patent was approved by the secretary of the interior on December 10, 1898. The patent was issued to him on the ground that Mrs. Waldron was not an Indian in the full meaning of the term.

Subsequently United States Indian Agent Hatch was called upon to remove Mrs. Waldron and her family from the land. She then instituted the suit, which has just been decided by Judge Carland, and which has resulted in an overwhelming victory for her.

AGED MAN SLAYS INVALID WIFE.

Tired of Supporting Sick Woman, Husband Murders Her.

Cleveland, O., July 3.—That he had become tired of supporting his old wife, who had become an invalid, was the excuse for killing her which August Otto, a 68-year-old German, gave the police when he confessed committing the crime. Otto walked into an undertaker's shop, requested that the proper attention be given the body of his wife, who, he said, had fallen down stairs and killed herself. The woman's head was almost hacked to pieces and bloodstains led to a hatchet found in the barn. Otto was arrested, but denied his guilt. Later he admitted committing the crime and stated that he had done the deed with a mallet.

The man speaks no English and is supposed to be mentally deranged. The couple had been married almost forty years and have several grown-up children. Mrs. Otto had been in poor health for some time.

Iowa Gets a Distillery.

Oskaloosa, Iowa, July 3.—The city council has granted Charles Hoover the right under provisions of a law to operate a distillery in Oskaloosa. This will be the first distillery in Iowa.

Dies at the Age of 103.

Minonk, Ill., July 3.—Hugh Maley, long a resident of this place, died here at the age of 103 years.

OFFENSIVE CATARRH

I suffered for a long time with a bad case of Catarrh, and took a great deal of medicine without any benefit.

I had a continual headache, my cheeks had grown purple, my nose was always stopped up, my breath had a sickening and disgusting odor, and I coughed incessantly.

I heard of your S. S. S. and wrote you. I commenced to use it, and after taking several bottles I was cured and have never since had the slightest symptom of the disease.

MISS MARY L. STORM.
Cor. 7th & Felix Sts., St. Joseph, Mo.

Wheeling, W. Va., May 29, 1903.

I had Nasal Catarrh for years for which I used S. S. S. with very gratifying results. I tried local applications for some time, and getting no permanent relief I came to the conclusion that the seat of the trouble was in the blood.

Knowing S. S. S. to be a good blood medicine I began its use, and after using it for some little while it did away entirely with the offensive mucus in the nostrils, and I did not have to hawk and spit, especially in the morning, to dislodge the catarrhal matter.

3627 South St. FRED H. PRESSY.

The filthy secretions and foul mucus that are continually dropping back into the throat, and their way into the stomach and are absorbed into the blood.

Catarrh then becomes constitutional, and the only way to get rid of it is through the blood.

Write us if you have Catarrh, and our physicians will advise you without charge.

SSS

The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN--
NAME PEACE ENVOYS

Muraviev and Rosen Represent Czar, While Komura and Takahira Act for Mikado.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 3.—Official announcement was made by President Roosevelt Sunday of the names of the Russian and Japanese envoys to the Washington peace conference. His action took the form of the following statement:

"The President announces that the Russian and Japanese governments have notified him that they have appointed plenipotentiaries to meet in Washington as soon after the 1st of August as possible. The two Russian plenipotentiaries are Ambassador Muraviev, formerly minister of justice and now ambassador at Rome, and Ambassador Rosen. The Japanese plenipotentiaries are Baron Komura, now minister of foreign affairs, and Minister Takahira.

"It is possible that each side may send one or more additional representatives. The plenipotentiaries of both Russia and Japan will be entrusted with full power to negotiate and conclude a treaty of peace, subject, of course, to ratification by their respective home governments."

BISHOP IS STRICKEN IN PULPIT.

Methodist Prelate Is Attacked While Addressing a Meeting.

Minneapolis, Minn., July 3.—Rev. I. W. Joyce, bishop of the Methodist church for the diocese of Minnesota, sustained a cerebral hemorrhage, followed by an attack of paralysis, while addressing a meeting at Red Rock, Sunday. The condition of the bishop is serious. Bishop Joyce is 69 years old. Before he came to Minnesota six years ago he was presiding bishop of the missionary field of the Methodist church in China and Japan.

REIGN OF TERROR IN OHIO TOWN

Participants in a Christening Explode Barrel of Powder in Street.

Steubenville, O., July 3.—At "Crow Hollow," a mining town with 100 "speakeasies," the Bohemian residents inaugurated a reign of terror after getting intoxicated at a christening celebration in Shack No. 55. After the barrel was emptied of beer they poured powder in it and placed it in the street, despite the protests of other residents, and touched it off. Many houses were damaged by the explosion.

DISAGREE OVER DEATH OF BOY.

Jurors Unable to Tell Whether Schoolmaster's Whipping Caused It.

Coldwater, Mich., July 3.—After deliberating sixteen hours the jury disagreed in the suit brought by Mrs. Miller against Superintendent of Schools V. M. Staley for \$10,000 damages for the death of her young son, Philip, who is alleged to have died from a severe whipping administered by Staley for a trivial offense.

Woman's Accomplice to Hang.

Kansas City, Mo., July 3.—Frank Hoffman, convicted of complicity in the murder of Clarence Myers, was sentenced to be hanged on August 10. Mrs. Myers also is under sentence of death. An appeal in each case will act as a stay of execution.

General Blackmar Is Ill.

Hingham, Mass., July 3.—General W. W. Blackmar, commander in chief of the G. A. R., is ill at his summer home here. His condition, due to overwork, is said not to be serious.

Boy Dies of Lockjaw.

Milwaukee, Wis., July 3.—Edgar Nolan, aged 11 years, died here from lockjaw. While endeavoring to snap the trigger of a blank cartridge pistol the cartridge exploded.

Cannon Cracker in Hand.

Des Moines, Iowa, July 3.—Charles M. Neal, an attorney, was hurt in the hand by an explosion of a cannon cracker at a celebration.

La Porte to Have Race Meet.

La Porte, Ind., July 3.—The La Porte Agricultural Association has announced a race meeting of one day on the track here July 4. Four races will be held, each one for a purse of \$250.

Minnesota Has Nearly 2,000,000.

St. Paul, Minn., July 3.—Minnesota's present population is 1,926,390. This estimate is made by George Wright, superintendent of the state census, which is practically completed.

Coffins From Their Own Trees.

Sterling, Ill., July 3.—From trees grown in their own yards, Christopher Phelps and wife of this place have made their own coffins and will keep them until they die.

The English Language.

The English language, according to a German statistician who has made a study of the comparative wealth of languages—heads the list with the enormous vocabulary of 260,000 words. German comes next, with 80,000; then Italian, with 75,000; French, with 30,000; Turkish, with 22,500; and Spanish, with 20,000.

Voice Records of Noted People.

The British Museum, London, has decided to collect and keep gramophone records of the voices of the most eminent singers and publicists. They will be for the use of posterity. The "master records" will be of nickel and practically indestructible. From these playing records can be stamped at will.

Buy it in Janesville.

BEAUTIES OF NIKKO

SPOT THE PRIDE OF THE PEOPLE OF JAPAN.

Shrine to Which All True Buddhists Make at Least One Pilgrimage—Burial Place of Ieyasu, Greatest of the Shoguns.

(Special Correspondence.)

If you should happen to be traveling in Japan, and in conversing with a native say to him, "I have seen Japan and it is most beautiful," then perhaps the native would question you and say, "But have you seen Nikko?" And if you should say not, then he would reply, "Sir, among us a tradition runs that 'he who has not seen Nikko cannot say 'Kekko,' which in our tongue means that unless a man has seen Nikko he has no right to use that phrase 'most beautiful.'"

Nikko is the Mecca of the Buddhists in Japan. To die and not have seen it is loss irreparable. And so it is the wish of each and every soul to make that pilgrimage.

Let us make it and approach, not as the Philistine foreigner, lounging in the compartment of a rattling, tooting train, but along the road that for centuries has been worn by the pilgrim's wooden sandal.

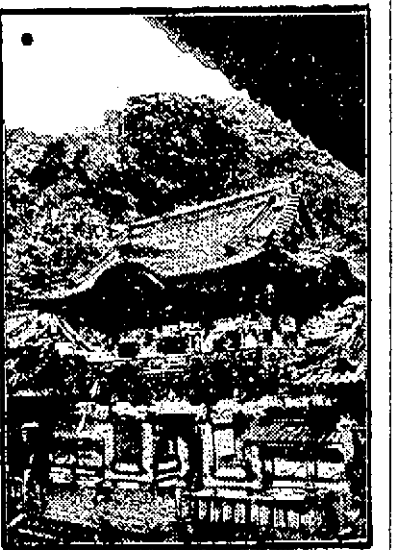
Scenes on the Road.

The road runs slowly upward till finally we come from out seemingly endless trees and find ourselves in a flood of sunshine, our rickshaws rattling over the uneven road of a village street. Low, open houses string along on either side, and sliding doors, paneled in small rice-paper squares, are pushed back so far as to leave each interior entirely open. As we jog unevenly along we get a glimpse of neatly-utted floors, shining woodwork and hanging, unrolled scrolls, depicting a landscape or perhaps a seated golden Buddha. Women, their black, shiny hair cone high upon their heads, go about their work with that little forward trot peculiar to their race. A few bear children on their backs, and some lean over charcoal braziers warming their small, brown hands. To the left of the road is a fur shop where an old dame sits, smiling and bowing to us, expectant of a purchase, while a man across the way, from a house well stocked with curios, asks us in broken English please to enter. And here along the way we meet a group of children fresh from school, gesticulating and calling shrilly to each other, many of them entirely unconscious of the small brothers and sisters whose heads appear above a bundle at their backs. Each one holds in a chubby fist a pile of cardboard discs, bearing on one side the colored picture of some Japanese emperor or general. Each, in turn, throws his disc at one face upon the ground. If he can turn the other disc over with his throw, it is his. But if not, he must let his own lie while others throw at it. There is a clapping of little sandals just ahead, and behold a group of small ladies under large paper umbrellas and carrying each her school books. They are shy and crowd one another to get past.

At the Temple of Ieyasu.

Across the bridge and we are near the temples placed by the great Shogun Ieyasu and his son, Ieyamitsu, the end and climax of our pilgrimage. They are approached by numberless moss-covered stone steps, as broad as a highway, and banked on both sides by walls of huge stone blocks perfectly fitted and velvety with moss. High above tower those huge cryptomerias, which filter a dim, checkered light through their branches. Once upon the steps and through a great arch and we are in the temple's courtyard, a harmony of subdued color, with its gray stone flagging and numberless moss-covered stone lanterns. At the far end stand the temples, and to the left, rising tier on tier, is a huge red pagoda trimmed with gold and hung with golden bells.

The white-pillared gateway through which we must pass is guarded on each side by two red demons, their faces wrinkled in angry hatred, while in their hands they brandish swords and darts. But why the flowered design of the left inner pillars support



Ieyasu Temple at Great Gate.

ing the archway upside down? We wonder at such a mistake. That is because the builders were afraid the gods would be envious of their work if it were entirely perfect, so they purposely made this error. Inside the gateway and we are in another stone-flagged quadrangle. Directly across the way and to the left and right are temples. We start toward the temple opposite, but are stopped by a stamping sound, and turn to find, directly at our elbow, unseen at first, an old white horse peering from the dark recesses of a stall. A priestess in black begs alms for him. He is a steed, the descendant of other historic prancers, kept continually for the use

Bakers' Marks

There is a story of an old lady who made up a batch of mince and apple pies. Wishing to be able to distinguish one kind from the other she marked the mince pies **T M** for "tis mince" and the apple pies **T M** for "taint mince."

The baker's marks on the ordinary run of bakery products are of little more value for purposes of identification than the marks on the old lady's pies.

But HERE is a trade mark that really identifies—that enables you to distinguish the world's best baking—the Biscuit, Crackers, and Wafers made by the **NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY**. This trade mark appearing in red and white on each end of a package guarantees the contents to be of highest quality—pure, clean and fresh. To learn something of what this trade mark means try a package of either of the products mentioned below.

Lemon Snaps
An appetizing nibble with the flavor of the refreshing lemon. A revelation in modern baking.

Butter Thin Biscuit
Unique little biscuit, in much favor with those who want "something different."

Graham Crackers
Possessing the rich, nutty flavor of graham flour—unlike any graham crackers you ever tasted.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

of shades of Shoguns when they wish to ride at night. Rather than interfere with these ghostly gambols, which we are assured are confined to the temple precincts, we drop a few sen into the lady's alms-box and ascend the broad lacquer steps leading to the temple before us. Here a priest, his head shaved and wearing a yellow gauze kimono, bars our way and commands us to remove our shoes.

The Temple Interior.

The temple interior is a large square room, paneled to the ceiling in black lacquer inlaid with gold, while the ceilings themselves are laid off in



Tomb of Ieyasu.

squares, in each square a coiled gold dragon. A paling just within the doors marks the limit to which the pilgrim may approach the great gold Buddha, who, seated on a golden lotus flower, looks out from the gloomy recess of the room. The air is damp and cool and the silence broken only by the mumbled mutterings of pilgrims as they prostrate themselves before the god.

As we cross to the buildings on the right we stand for a moment to behold a novel sight. It is a priestess in a white hood and robe, who, with a tambourine accompaniment, performs a sacred dance. She waves her arms as she shakes the cymbals and slowly pirouettes three times. Then she falls upon her knees and makes a low salaam, receiving on the mat before her a shower of copper coins.

The buildings to the right are after the manner of cloisters, low and rambling, with a pillared portico. The paneling in the interior is all in red and gold and black. These rooms are the depositories of Shoguns' trappings. There are silks, brocades and masks in open cases, gold and silver armor on the walls, and gold-lacquered boxes bound with tasseled cord of gold and red.

ELGIN BUTTER MARKET
(Special Telegram.)
Elgin, Ill., June 26.—No offerings on sales. Butter firm at 20c.

Buy it in Janesville.

DR. SHALLENBERGER,
The regular and reliable Chicago Specialist, will be at **JANESVILLE, WIS.**
Myers Hotel, Saturday, July 8.
(One day only), and return once every 28 days. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 4:30 p. m.



Cures permanently the cases he undertakes and sends the patient home without taking a fee from them. This is why he continues his visits year after year, while other doctors have made a few visits and stopped. Dr. Shallenberger is an eminently successful specialist in all chronic diseases, proven by the many cures effected in chronic cases which have baffled the skill of all other physicians. His hospital experience and extensive practice have made him so proficient that he can name and locate a disease in a few minutes.

Treats all curable cases of Catarrh, Nose, Throat and Lung diseases, Eye and Ear, Stomach, Liver and Kidneys, Gravel, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Neuritis, Nervous and Heart diseases, Blood and Skin diseases, Epilepsy, Bright's Disease and Consumption in early stage; diseases of the Bladder and Female Organs, Liquor and Tobacco habit. Stammering cured and sure methods to prevent its recurrence given.

A never-failing remedy for the Neck, **PILES, FISTULAE and RUPTURE** guaranteed cured without detention from business. Special attention given to all Surgical cases, and all diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

Glasses fitted and guaranteed. Granulated Irida Cataract, Cross Eyes straightened without pain.

NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Are you nervous and despondent; weak and debilitated; dread mornings; no ambition—lifeless; memory poor; easily fatigued; excitable and irritable; eyes sunken, red and blurred; pimples on face; dreams and night terrors; restless, haggard looking; weak back; deposit in urine and drags at stool; distrustful; want of confidence; lack of energy and strength?

Sexual Weakness and Private Diseases a Specialty.

Blood Poison, Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Stricture, Gleet, Spermatorrhea, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Seminal Weakness and the effects of early Vice or Excess, producing Emissions, Debility, Nervousness, Dizziness, Infertile Menstruation, etc., which ruin mind and body, positively cured.

WONDERFUL CURES

Perfected in old cases which have been neglected or unsuccessfully treated. No experiments or failures. He undertakes no incurable cases, but cures thousands given up to die.

Consultation Free and Confidential.

Address, **DR. W. E. SHALLENBERGER,**

145 Oakwood Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Reference: Drexel State Bank.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

REMNANTS
OF
Straw MATTING
At One-Half Price

Owing to the unusual amount of business in our Matting department the past sixty days, we have unavoidably accumulated a quantity of Matting Remnants; now we want to sell them. Prices must do it for us.

15c	Mattings, 7 1-2c
20c	" 10c.
25c	" 12 1-2c.
30c	" 15c
35c	" 17 1-2c

Remnants run from 3 to 14 yards.

BORT, BAILEY & CO.

Read Gazette Want Ads.

